THE NORTH CAROLINIAN

ESTABLISHED IN 1869

UBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING

Office--North Carolinian Bld'g, Main St.

One door east of Albemarle House.

TERMS---$1.50 a Year, in Advance.

If not paid in advance $2.00 will be charged

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

One square, one insertion, $1.00; two insertions, $1.50; one month, $2.00; three months $4.00; six months, $8.00; one year, $12.00.

For larger advertisements liberal contracts will be made.

Business Notices in local column, ten cents a line. Obituary Notices, five cents a line.

The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.50 a Year, in Advance.

VOLUME XXI. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16, 1890. NUMBER 45.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN POWER

JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT

Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes

WEDDING CARDS, VISITING CARDS, BUSINESS CARDS, BALL CARDS, POSTERS, HANDBILLS, PROGRAMMES, BILLHEADS, FANCY SHOW CARDS, DODGERS, STATEMENTS, PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, BOOKS, ETC., BILLS OF FARE, WINE CARDS, LAW CASES AND POINTS,

In the latest and neatest styles, and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

A writer in The Toronto *Globe* calls attention to the increasing spread of the Canada thistle in the Dominion. There is a law on the subject, but it is a dead letter, he says, and he suggests that the Government appoint weed inspectors to abate the nuisance.

There are in the Japanese Empire 24,945 elementary, 45 normal, 48 ordinary middle, and 11 official schools besides colleges, private schools, kindergartens, and libraries, the cost to the taxpayers for the public schools alone being more than $8,000,000.

The workingmen of Silesia, Austria, are in a pitiable condition. They cannot even obtain sausages. A meat famine exists in the country. American pork is excluded, and the quantity of the native product inadequate. A petition has been addressed to the Bundesrath, asking the repeal of the duty on American pork.

A veteran detective in Cincinnati was instructed to watch a train and arrest a woman with a child about two years old. He arrested one with a child five years old, and when laughed at for his mistake asked that some one give him figures on a two-year-old child. An inspection of twelve proved that no two were of the same height or weight, or looked the same age.

It would appear that to call a person "Prussian" in France is an insult of so bitter a kind that it justifies homicide. A man was brought up before the Paris Court of Assize recently to be tried for manslaughter. The defence was that his victim had called him "Prussian," and that this had so incensed him, as a man and a Frenchman, that he had beaten him to death with a club. This defence was found a good one by the jury, and the man was acquitted.

A law passed by the Illinois Legislature, and which goes into effect on the 1st of July, entirely prohibits the holding of real estate by foreigners. Alien ownership of land has become a serious evil in several of the Western States, and threatens them with such social disorder as the like cause has created in Ireland. More than 1,000,000 acres of Illinois land is owned by foreigners, and under the new law all this property will revert to the State, unless its owners become citizens of the United States before the 1st of next July. Nebraska has also adopted a similar law. The *American Cultivator* considers that the United States laws should also forbid the purchase of Government land by aliens. Whatever money thus comes to the country does it more harm than good."

It is hard to believe that a man can unite in one person two such widely different characters as minister and butcher, and succeed in each. Yet such a one is the Rev. Halsey W. Knapp, who from 4 to 11 A. M. manages one of the largest retail and wholesale meat places in New York, and the rest of the twenty-four hours is a busy and benevolent clergyman. He is about fifty years of age, with a square, solid and muscular build, so common to marketmen, black hair and beard and rosy complexion. He is a brother of Professor Knapp, the distinguished scholar of Yale College, and was intended for a similar career, but while in his teens he manifested such a love for the butcher business, and such a distate for study, that he was allowed to have his own way.

The St. Louis Chief of Police, who has had many years' experience with criminals, declares that the man who has once been to State prison seldom reforms. He says that the ex-convict now on securing his release generally reports to the Chief of Police in any large city where he proposes to stay and inquires whether he will be given a fair show. He generally makes protestations of reform, but the criminal instinct is too strong in him, and a few months sees him return behind bars. This the San Francisco *Chronicle* terms a cynical view, "but it probably agrees with the experience of most officers of the law. The exceptions to the rule are furnished by the men whose passions or misfortunes led them into crime, but who have no taste for what is 'crooked.'"

How much are a man's eyes worth in hard cash. If one absolutely loses the sight of both of them because of the negligence or something worse of a corporation, what amount of damages ought to be awarded him? These points were lately discussed in St. Louis, before the United States Circuit Court. A man had both his eyes burned out while in the service of a steamship company. He brought suit and the jury gave him $10,000. Whereupon the counsel for the company appealed on the ground that the award was "excessive." In doing so he failed to state the amount which the company would not regard as excessive. Perhaps it felt that $12.50 would be about the right figure. It will, however, says the New York *Tribune*, be apt to strike the average student of values that man—a creature only a little lower than the angels—must be getting to be a drug on the market if his eyes are not to be regarded as worth at least $10,000.

Goodbye!

There's a kind o' chilly feelin' in the blowin' o' the breeze,
And a sense o' sadness stealin' through the tresses o' the trees;
And a mist seems fallin' dreary on the mountains towerin' high,
And I feel my cheeks grow teary as I bid you all goodbye!

"Goodbye," the winds are sayin'; "goodbye," the trees complain,
As they bend low down an' whisper with their green leaves wet with rain;
"Goodbye," the roses murmur, an' the bendin' lilies sigh
As if they all felt sorry I have come—come to say goodbye.

I reckon all have said it some time or other soft
And easy like, with eyes cast down, that dared not look aloft
For the tears that trembled in them—for the lips that choked the sigh,
When it came a-swellin' from the heart an' made it beat goodbye!

I didn't think 'twas hard to say; but standin' here alone,
With the pleasant past behind me and the future dim, unknown,
A gloomin' yonder in the dark—the tears come to my eye,
And I'm weepin' like a woman as I bid you all goodbye.

The work I've done is with you; maybe some things went wrong,
Like a note that mars the music in the sweet flow of a song;
But brethren—when you think of me, I only ask you would
Say as the Master said of one: "He hath done what he could."

And when you sit together in the time as yet to be,
By your love-encircled firesides in the valleys fair and free,
Let the sweet past come before you, and with something like a sigh,
Just say: "We ain't forgot him since the day he said 'Goodbye!'"

—*F. L. Stanton in Rome (Ga.,) Tribune.*

THE TIN BOX.

"It is a very mysterious business," said Lawyer Simpkins, rubbing his nose, and adjusting his spectacles. "Hiram Green sent for me, ten days before he died, and gave me his bonds and securities to draw the July interest for him. I put them all back in the tin box myself, and he counted and examined them. The day he died he tried to tell me something about Jerry and that box. 'Jerry—tin box—all in the box—Jerry,' was about all I could make out."

"And the tin box was stolen," said Tom, the lawyer's son and partner.

"Well, it has disappeared. If it was stolen, it is of precious little use to the thief. Every paper in it could be traced. Trust old Hiram Green to look out for that."

"What was it worth?"

"To a lawful owner, about twenty thousand dollars."

"Then Jacob Green is so much poorer! I am glad of it."

"Tom! Tom! Jacob Green is our client!"

"All right! I shall not proclaim my opinion on the house-top; but, between ourselves, I think he is the meanest man I ever met. Why, he must be a rich man, and he grudges his family the necessaries of life. Look at Allie! There is not a servant at Rye Hill who has not a better wardrobe than Alice Green!

Just so!" said Lawyer Simpkins, with a twinkle in his eyes. Her husband can make that all right though. Eh, Tom?"

Then Tom, blushing crimson, began to talk again about the tin box and old Hiram Green's will.

"Left everything to Jacob," said the lawyer; "the house, real estate, and personal effects."

"And Jerry?"

"Was not even mentioned in the will. Hiram Green never forgave Jerry for failing in business, declared he had no head, and wasn't fit to be trusted with money.

"He was his nephew, though, just as much as Jacob, and he nursed him faithfully at the last."

"But Jerry is a dreamer. Jacob will double every dollar the old man left, while Jerry would probably spend a legacy in a year or two."

It was not alone in the lawyer's office that the subject of Hiram Green's will and the disappearance of the tin box were topics of conversation. Everybody at Rye Hill had an opinion to express, a theory to advance. Mrs. Jacob Green and Mrs. Jerry Green were talking the whole matter over on the porch of the old house where Hiram Green had died, while Jerry sat on the steps, looking moodily down the garden path.

"Jacob says," said that worthy's wife, "that he will find that box, if it's above ground."

"I wonder what he'll do if it ain't," muttered Jerry, unheard by the others.

"He says," continued Mrs. Jacob, "that it will take a heap of money to put this house in decent repair, and settle the business! Dear! Dear! He talks as if his uncle's legacy left him poorer, instead of richer."

"I wish it did!" muttered Jerry. Aloud he said, "Maria, if you'll get me a hammer and some nails, I'll save Jacob twenty-five cents by fastening these steps. See here!" and he rattled the steps on which he was sitting, and which were wholly detached from the porch.

"I wish you would," said his sister-in-law; "I'm in a panic every time I go in or out, especially if I have the baby in my arms. I'll get the hammer."

"Dear me, Jerry," whispered his wife, a little later, "you go at them steps as if you were trying to hammer the house down. Anybody would fancy you had a spite against the nails, you give them such vicious blows."

"Hold your tongue," growled her husband. "I am only making them safe!"

He rose as he spoke, and straighened himself, muttering.

"Come, Sally," he said, presently, "we'll be getting home! I only came over to see if there was any news of the tin box."

"Not a sign to be found,' said Mrs. Jacob, "an' I do believe Jacob will be in a lunatic asylum it it don't turn up soon."

Jerry tucked his wife's hand under his arm, and walked down the road to his own cottage, a small, shabby house where Sarah Green vainly strove to make old things look new, and stretch a dollar to the needs of two.

Since his uncle's death Jerry had been more moody and shiftless than ever. Brooding over his injuries was not the way to improve his fortunes, and Sally had hard work to make her needle supply the daily wants.

It was just three days before his uncle died that Jerry learned that Hiram Green had left his entire property to Jacob, already the richest man at Rye Hill. Then the bitterness of his disappointment seemed to literally turn his brain, and Sally trembled for his reason. With all his faults, if faults they were, his disregard of money and want of business capacity, Jerry Green was a man to win strong affections. And it was the fact that even Hiram Green kept up a sort of grudging affection for him that made Jerry hope he would not entirely forget him in his will.

When his last illness attacked the old man, it was to Jerry he turned for the affection Jacob's harder nature could not make acceptable. It was Jerry and Sally who nursed the invalid day and night with faithful, unwearied care, and it was with a bitter sense of wrong that Jerry knew himself to be disinherited. Still the man's gentle nature overruled his anger, and the last three days of Hiram Green's life were as tenderly nursed as if Jerry knew himself to be his sole heir.

But afterward the whole nature of the man seemed changed. Knowing the sympathy of the people about him was with him, he was never weary of telling of his wrongs; and he made no secret of his delight at the disappearance of the tin box, and the large slice of property it contained.

A year passed away, and then all Rye Hill knew that Jerry Green lay ill with a fever, and the doctor had given him up. Very sick indeed he was, and Sally was heart-broken, when one day he whispered a request to see Lawyer Simpkins alone. Seeing a lawyer seemed to poor Sally a death-warrant, though Jerry had no fortune to will away.

Wondering, but ready to humor the whim of a dying man, the lawyer answered the summons at once.

"Mr. Simpkins, will you promise to keep secret what I tell you now?" Jerry asked in a hoarse whisper.

"Certainly I will; lawyers have to do that every day.

"Then I will tell you where Uncle Hiram's tin box is. You have the key."

"Yes, but—Jerry Green, don't tell me you are the thief."

"I did not take it away, but I was half mad, I do believe, and I wanted to spite Jacob. So I buried it under the porch steps. I never opened it. Everything is there, and I suppose Jacob might as well have it now."

"I'll keep your secret, Jerry, for I believe you when you say you were half mad."

Great was the excitement at Rye Hill when it became known that Lawyer Simpkins had had a communication from the party who had stolen the tin box, confessing the theft, and revealing the hiding place. There was a group of half the people of the village in front of Jacob Green's porch when Jerry's carpenter's work was torn away, and the earth that covered the buried treasure removed. Lawyer Simpkins took a small key from his pocket.

"Stop a moment," he said, as Jacob Green was about to take the box, "as executor of Hiram Green's estate, I must open this box and see if the contents are all right."

There was a sudden catching of breath audible as the lid of the box fell back. On the top was an open paper, and Lawyer Simpkins read aloud:—

"I, Hiram Green, do give and bequeath this box and all it contains to Sarah, wife of my nephew, Jeremiah Green. I leave it to her as a token of my love for both, and because I think she will be more careful of it than my nephew. And I do ask of my lawyer, Robert Simpkins, that he do see my wish carried out, and give to Sarah his advice about investing the money.

"HIRAM GREEN."

There was one moment of intense silence and then a cheer rent the air. Every man there was glad that the miserly, grasping Jacob Green was disappointed, and every man rejoiced for Jerry and Sally.

But the sick man was humble as a child when the lawyer told him the news. He did not die, nor did anyone but Lawyer Simpkins ever guess his secret, but he was a broken, prematurely aged man, creeping humbly about and living on the income his wife drew from the contents of the tin box, which he had hidden from spite, and by so doing, overreached himself.

"If I had died without telling," he thought often, "Sally would never have had the money, and Jacob might have found the box, after all."

Wonders of the Dog Star.

It is difficult to conceive that this beautiful star is a globe much larger than our sun; yet it is a fact that Sirius, the Dog Star, is a sun many times more mighty than our own. That splendid star, which even in our most powerful telescopes appears as a mere point of light, is in reality a globe emitting so enormous a quantity of light and heat that were it to take the place of our sun, every creature on this earth would be consumed by its burning rays.

Sirius shining with a far greater lustre than any other star, it was natural that astronomers should have regarded this as being the nearest of all the "fixed" stars, but recent investigation on the distances of the stars has shown that the nearest to us is Alpha Centauri, a star belonging to the southern lattitudes, though it is probable that Sirius is about fourth on the list in order of distance. For, though there are about fifteen or twenty stars whose distances have been conjectured, the astronomer knows that in reality all of them, save three or four, lie at distances too great to be measured by any instruments we have at present. Astronomers agree in fixing the distance of the nearest star at twenty-two million of millions of miles; and it is certain that the distance of Sirius is more than three and less than six times that of Alpha Centauri, most likely about five times; so that we are probably not far from the truth if we set the distance of Sirius at about one hundred million of million miles! What a vast distance is this which separates us from that bright star; words and figures of themselves fail to convey to our minds any adequate idea of its true character.

To take a common example of illustrating such enormous distances: It is calculated that the ball from an Armstrong hundred-pounder quits the gun with a speed of about four hundred yards per second; now, if this velocity could be kept up, it would require no fewer than ten million years before the ball could reach Sirius! Again, take the swiftest form of velocity of which we have any knowledge, light, which travels at the rate of nearly two hundred thousand miles per second, or about twelve million miles a minute, yet the distance of Sirius is so vast that it takes nearly twenty years for its light to reach us; so that if Sirius was suddenly to become extinct, we should not be acquainted with the fact till twenty years hence.—*Chamber's Journal.*

The Sound of Light.

One of the most wonderful discoveries in science that have been made within the last year or two is the fact that a beam of light produces sound. A beam of sunlight is thrown through a lens on a glass vessel that contains lampblack, colored silk or worsted, or other substances. A disk having slits or openings cut in it is made to revolve swiftly in this beam of light, so as to cut it up, thus making alternate flashes of light and shadow. On putting the ear to the glass vessel, strange sounds are heard so long as the flashing beam is falling on the vessel.

Recently a more wonderful discovery has been made. A beam of sunlight is made to pass through a prism, so as to produce what is called the solar spectrum, or rainbow. The disc is turned, and the colored light of the rainbow is made to break through it. Now, place the ear to the vessel containing the silk, wool or other material. As the colored lights of the spectrum fall upon it sounds will be given by different parts of the spectrum, and there will be silence in other parts.

For instance, if the vessel contains red worsted, and the green light flashes upon it, loud sounds will be given. Only feeble sounds will be heard when the red and blue parts of the rainbow fall upon the vessel, and other colors make no sound at all. Green silk gives sound best in red light. Every kind of material gives more or less sound in different colors, and utters no sound in others. The discovery is a strange one, and it is thought more wonderful things will come from it.—*American Art Journal.*

A Bullet Rattles in His Head.

For over 25 years Fletcher Wright, who lives near Dawson, has carried a bullet in his head, a wound received in one of the battles in Virginia. This minie ball shifts around at one time in the front of the head, at another time in the back. At times this bullet gives Mr. Wright much uneasiness while at work in the field by its shifting about and the rattling noise it makes in the head.—*Macon (Ga.) Telegraph.*

Mrs. Hardhead—That's our milkman's wife. Mr. Hardhead—She's very becomingly attired. Mrs. Hardhead—How so? Mr. Hardhead—She wears a watered silk.

STORM-SWEPT STATES.

A Tornado Courses Over Ohio, Michigan and Illinois.

A Factory at Norwalk, Ohio, Crushed Like an Egg Shell.

A cyclone struck Norwalk, Ohio, about five o'clock in the afternoon. The storm swept a track about half a mile wide from the eastern limits of the city and a long distance in the country. The umbrella factory of Sprague & French was in the path of the cyclone. A part of the building, in which about thirty young women were employed, was crushed like an egg-shell. Many of the girls escaped, but others were caught in the falling building.

Dora Palmer, aged nineteen, received fatal injuries and died in a short time. Her skull was crushed.

Nellie Harding was seriously injured about the head and upper part of the body. Miss Brush had her collar bone broken and was otherwise badly injured. Several other girls received injuries. Barns belonging to Colonel Sprague, O. M. Hames, John Copsey, John Myers, Charles Barer, Dr. L. A. Severcool, William Perrin, D. Zwick and John Parker were blown down and other small buildings were wrecked. Trees were uprooted and fences torn down in all directions. The force of the wind was unprecedented in that section.

At seven o'clock that same evening another terrific storm visited the city, the wind blowing a gale and hailstones as big as hickory nuts fell, smashing windows and demolishing greenhouses.

A heavy rain storm visited Oberlin, Ohio, flooding cellars of business houses on College street to a depth of four feet. The water rose rapidly in Plum Creek, and people on the flats expected to be compelled to leave their homes before morning.

A great electric storm passed over East Liverpool, Ohio, about 11 o'clock A. M. The Methodist Church steeple was knocked down and the church damaged. The telephone central exchange was burned and the service destroyed. The operators were compelled to fly from the room.

Coursing Over Michigan.

A terrible cyclone passed over the northern part of Charlotte, Mich., about three o'clock in the morning, doing several thousand dollars of damage. The heaviest loss was to the Richardson Mill Company, the roof being torn off the main building, entailing a loss of $2000. Mayor Packard's barn was torn to atoms. A wing to Mr. Barhat's residence was wrenched from the main part and lifted into an adjoining lot, completely demolishing it. The house of Dr. Rosenkrans was damaged to the extent of $500. Trees were uprooted and numerous outhouses were carried away.

At Battle Creek, Mich., a tornado passed through during the night leveling buildings, fences and windmills. The summer cottages at Cognac Lake, two miles south of the town, were blown down, but no lives were lost.

A cyclone passed over Kalamazoo, Mich., early in the morning. The gale descended in the northwest part of the city, and the roof of the Woodward Avenue School was raised and the building damaged. Sheds and chimneys were also blown down.

At Mount Clemens, Mich., Mrs. Fred Eberlein, of Frazer, was instantly killed by lightning, which accompanied the cyclone which passed over the neighborhood.

A cyclone struck Allegan, Mich., at three o'clock in the morning. The storm was preceded by a high wind and rain storm. It destroyed the barn, kitchen and fences of George Frayer. John Germain's barn was turned completely around and his corn crib, sheds and fences are a total wreck. The wind unroofed houses and barns and tore down fences in Watson township. No lives were lost, though several persons were injured in Trowbridge.

The Storm in Illinois.

The village of Prophetstown, Ill., was not wiped out of existence as was first reported, nor was any one killed there. About seven o'clock in the evening, however, the wind increased to almost a cyclone and swept over the town.

Upon the appearance of a black cloud families were gathered together and safety sought in the cellars. This precaution evidently saved many lives. At the southwest edge of the town the wind picked up a barn and demolished it. A little further on the home of Edward Hammond, occupied by Mr. Hammond, his wife and two children, was carried sixty or seventy feet and then torn into kindling wood.

One of the children, who reached the cellar, was found in the water nearly drowned. Mrs. Hammond was slightly injured.

C. G. Reynolds, his wife and three daughters and Mrs. Reynolds's aged mother were in their house, which was carried in the air more than a hundred feet when it collapsed. Mr. Reynolds was knocked senseless and all the other inmates were bruised.

The roof of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy station was blown off and the telegraph wires prostrated. The grain elevator of Olmsted & Matts, thirty by sixty feet, was crushed.

A hundred other buildings, large and small, show the effect of the wind and hail.

For a distance of ten miles up and down the Rock River Valley the heaviest hail ever known fell and barns and sheds were wrecked, though no casualties are reported.

At half-past seven o'clock P. M., great masses of hail began to fall in the vicinity of Roberts, Ill. The storm continued about ten to fifteen minutes with considerable violence, and nearly all window glass on the west side of houses was broken. Some of the hailstones measured seven to eight and one-half inches in circumference, and some weighed as high as seven ounces. No lives were lost, though several persons were severely bruised.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

RHEA is achieving great success in his new play, "Josephine."

JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY, the Hoosier poet, has resumed his platform entertainments.

JOHN BOYLE O'REILLY, the Irish poet-editor, is out on the Pacific coast lecturing.

"A LONG LANE" is the title of a new American play produced at the Fourteenth Street Theatre, New York.

M. JULES CLARETIE, director of the Parisian Comedie Francaise, is writing his memoirs for a New York publisher.

LILLIAN RUSSELL, the comic opera singer, has been re-engaged at the New York Casino for three years. She is to get $30,000 a year.

IN consequence of the Sultan's objections, it has been decided definitely that M. de Bornier's "Mahomet" must not be produced in Paris.

IT is claimed that the American actress, Lotta (Miss Crabtree), is the richest single woman in the world who has earned her own money.

SARDOU, the French dramatist, started out as a surgeon's assistant and became a professor of mathematics before he took up play writing.

M. B. LEAVITT'S New Broadway Theatre at Denver, Col., will have a stage constructed of steel. The scenery is to be worked by hydraulic power.

COLONEL JOHN A. MCCAULL has purchased the American rights of Millocker's opera, "Sieben Schwaben," and will make it the feature of his repertoire next season.

THERESA VAUGHN would not join the Stetson "Gondoliers" company unless her husband, William Mestayer, went with her, and so the whole happy family were taken in.

LILLIAN LEWIS went through the role of Lena Despard at St. Louis wearing a sealskin sack, while a constable stood in the wings waiting to seize on her wardrobe if she took anything off.

MAY NEVADA, the star of a company playing "Cynthia" in Iowa, accidently stabbed George Weller, her husband and leading man, on the stage the other day. The wound was not dangerous.

MAUDE GRANGER has secured from Miss Lucy Hooper, the well-known author and society woman, a four-act emotional drama originally produced in Paris under the title of "L'Heritage D'Helene."

FOR A FAITHFUL DOG.

A Fine Coffin and a Tombstone Provided by His Master.

An old man, bent nearly double with age, with a small black terrier trotting faithfully close to his tottering steps, has been a familiar sight in the neighborhood of Ninth and Walnut streets, Philadelphia, for many years. The affection between the two showed itself in their daily walks, for they were always together. The old man is John Patterson, a wealthy bachelor, without kin in the world.

"Prince," the terrier, became sick two or three weeks ago, and his master grew very apprehensive. He consulted the different dog doctors, but "Prince" died and the heart of his old bachelor master was almost broken. The same afternoon old Mr. Patterson went to a neighboring carpenter shop and ordered a small walnut coffin. This was upholstered as though for a human being, and was silver-mounted. On the lid a silver plate was put, and on it the name of the little terrier, his age and pedigree were inscribed. When the coffin was brought to the old man's house the body of the dead terrier was placed into it by his master and carried to the backyard, where it was buried with great solemnity. A tombstone will be erected at the head of the grave to his memory.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

EMIN PACHA will return to Central Africa as a German Governor.

IT is reported that Evangelist Moody has converted many Yale students.

MINISTER FRED GRANT says he and his wife are having a delightful time in Vienna.

PRINCE BISMARCK is compiling a memoir of the last twenty-five years of his official life.

INVENTOR EDISON has been elected an honorary member of the Berlin Electrical Society.

THE Prince of Naples, heir apparent to the throne of Italy, is suffering from overstudy.

OLIVER DALRYMPLE, the bonanza farmer of Dakota, expects to raise this year 30,000 acres of wheat.

ANDREW CARNEGIE, the Pittsburg millionaire, will speak at the Scotch-Irish congress in that city next month.

THE venerable Sir Edwin Chadwick, the great English sanitarian, uses no tobacco and eats many green vegetables.

IT is proposed to give a complimentary banquet to Allan G. Thurman on the occasion of his seventy-seventh birthday.

C. B. EVARTS, the New York Senator's oldest son, devotes his attention to managing his father's big farm at Windsor, Vt.

THE King of Dahomey was educated in Paris, but the cruelty was not refined out of him. He is just as bad as any of his savage ancestors.

SENATOR COCKRELL, does his own marketing in Washington every morning, and makes his $5000 salary cover all the expenses of a large family.

DOM PEDRO, the ex-Emperor of Brazil, has refused to accept the proceeds of the forced sale of his Brazilian property ordered by the Provisional Government.

JOSHUA HOOD, one of the committee appointed to welcome General Lafayette during his visit to this country in 1824, died recently in Baltimore at the age of eighty-seven.

ERNEST RENAN, the French philosopher, indulges in a hobby of not riding in vehicles of any kind, preferring to walk, although his health is feeble, and a stout cane is necessary to support him.

REWI is the last survivor of the great fighting chiefs of New Zealand. His defence of Orakan against the British troops is one of the most brilliant achievements in the history of savage warfare.

SENATOR BROWN, of Georgia, is a devoted member of the Baptist Church. He has given $50,000 to the Baptist Theological Seminary at Louisville, Ky., and $10,000 for a new Baptist Church in Atlanta.

DR. BRUENNEN, an American, has been appointed professor of oriental philology at Heidelberg, this being the second instance in which an American has been appointed a professor in a Germany university.

FERDINAND DE LESSEPS, of Suez Canal fame, leans heavily forward as he walks, and his hair is white as slacked lime, yet he still retains a buoyant flow of animal spirits, and his handwriting is anything but shaky.

THE Czar of Russia indulges in pretty heavy hypodermic injections of morphia, to the extent of between twelve and fifteen grains a day. He tried to give up the habit, but it was too strong for him, and he remains its willing slave.

M. DE FREYCINET, who has become for the fourth time Premier of the French Republic, is a peculiar creature. He is small and insignificant physically, and his countenance habitually bears a furtive, scared expression, which has led to his being dubbed "the White Mouse."

THE LABOR WORLD.

ONE THOUSAND plumbers went on strike in Chicago, Ill.

IT is calculated that there are 60,000 night workers in New York city.

THE unskilled employes of the New York Postoffice have organized a union.

THE Berlin Labor Conference closed after an extremely dull session lasting one week and a characteristically dull banquet.

THE striking tailors of Hanover, Germany, have sent an appeal to their fellow-craftsmen in this country, asking them for financial aid.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL MICHENER, of Indiana, has given an opinion that the Eight-Hour law of that State is valid and constitutional.

THE American Federation's organizer, Hamill, has just organized at Rochester, N. Y., a large branch of the Furniture Workers' National Union.

ONE THOUSAND Italian laborers, who recently emigrated to Brazil, are about to leave Rio Janeiro for home, having been unable to obtain employment.

OVER 600 meetings of workingmen have been arranged to take place in various parts of Austria on May 1, to agitate the establishment of an eight-hour day.

PRINTING in Germany keeps its four hundred and fiftieth birthday this year, and the Teutonic Printers' Union intend to celebrate the anniversary right worthily.

THE United States Labor Commission has decided that the collection of statistics relating to building associations does not come within the scope of the census law.

ORDERS for the resumption of work at the Pennsylvania Colliery have been issued. One thousand miners who have been idle since January 1 found employment.

T. B. WAKEMAN showed by statistics at a recent mass-meeting in New York city that thirteen hundred men, women and children are killed annually in the factories of New York State.

IN the larger cities of Northern Italy cooperative societies have recently started stores and dwellings for the benefit of working people, and they are meeting with extraordinary success.

JOHN SWINTON, the labor reformer, writes from Rome that his health has not improved, but that his interest in labor matters has not abated, and that he would like to see a federation of labor in Italy.

THERE is a movement in England against the employment of barmaids, although it is felt that the reform will not be accomplished until the far future, and that all that can be done at present will be limiting the hours of labor.

THE rat plague in Lincolnshire, England, continues in spite of the enormous destruction of the animals by the farmers in the past few months. One farmer, who scatters poisoned barley about his yard every night, gathered in one day a crop of 1300 rats. Three hundred rats were killed from one stack of grain in another place.

THE State of Pennsylvania has secured judgments against a number of railroads doing business in her territory in suits to recover amounts of State tax assessed against them, the legality of which the railroad companies disputed. The total amount of the judgments is $161,942.42.

A COUNTRY HOUSE.

Description of an Attractive Design for a Dwelling.

(Copyright by the Author.)

Following will be found a brief description of an attractive design for a country house:

Size of Structure: Width, including porch at end, 56 ft.; depth, including veranda and rear porch, 51 ft.

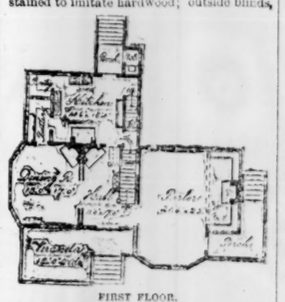
Height of Stories: Cellar, 7 ft.; first story, 9 ft.; second story, 8 ft. 6 in.; attic story, 8 ft.

Materials for Exterior Walls: Foundations, brick; first story, clapboards; second story, gables, dormers and roof, shingles.

PERSPECTIVE VIEW.

Interior Finish: Hard, white plaster throughout. Soft wood trim throughout, stained and finished like hardwood. Double floor in the first story, the finishing floor being hard pine. The main staircase in both stories is finished with quartered oak. Inside sliding blinds for all front windows; outside blinds for all other windows.

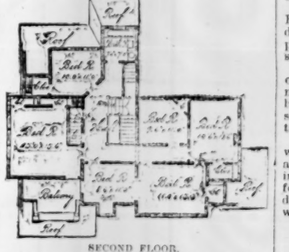
Exterior Colors: All clapboards, light drab; trim, including water table, corner boards, casings, cornices, bands, veranda posts and rails, dark drab; outside doors, stained to imitate hardwood; outside blinds,



FIRST FLOOR.

bronze green; sashes and brickwork, Pompeian red; veranda and porch floors and ceilings, oiled; shingles on side walls treated with linseed oil and burnt umber; shingles on roofs left unfinished.

Accommodations: The main rooms and their sizes, closets, etc., are shown by the plans given herewith. Beside these there are three rooms finished in the attic and there is a cellar under the whole house. The cellar has a concrete floor and outside and inside entrances. The first floor



SECOND FLOOR.

rooms are large. The parlor alcove has a fireplace and is furnished with bookcases. Over the bookcases are pretty windows which may be glazed with stained glass. There is a fireplace and an upholstered seat in the hall. The bedrooms are of fair size, and there are many of them—an essential requirement for a large family. Colonial features predominate in the exterior.

Cost: In the vicinity of New York city, $5700. To reduce cost, omit finishing the attic rooms to save $200; substitute ash for oak stair finish to save about $100; build a smaller cellar, say under the kitchen and hall only to save about $100.

R. W. SHOPPELL, Architect.

TAKING THE CENSUS.

The Questions That Will be Asked by the Census Takers.

The work of taking the United States Census will begin on June 2, and will, it is expected, occupy a month. The questions that will be asked by the census takers are as follows:

1. Give Christian name in full and initial of middle name, surname.
2. Whether soldier, sailor or marine during the civil war (United States or Confederate), or widow of such person.
3. Relationship to head of family.
4. Whether white or black, mulatto, quadroon, octoroon, Chinese, Japanese or Indian.
5. Sex.
6. Age at nearest birthday. If under one year give age in months.
7. Whether single, married, widowed or divorced.
8. Whether married during the census year (June 1, 1889, to May 31, 1890).
9. Mother of how many children and number of these children living.
10. Place of birth.
11. Place of birth of father.
12. Place of birth of mother.
13. Number of years in the United States.
14. Whether naturalized.
15. Whether naturalization papers have been taken out.
16. Profession, trade or occupation.
17. Months unemployed during the census (June 1, 1889, to May 31, 1890).
18. Attendance at school (in months) during the census year (June 1, 1889, to May 31, 1890).
19. Able to read.
20. Able to write.
21. Able to speak English. If not, the language or dialect spoken.
22. Whether suffering from acute or chronic disease, with name of disease and length of time afflicted.
23. Whether defective in mind, sight, hearing or speech, or whether crippled, maimed, or deformed, name of defect.
24. Whether a prisoner, convict, homeless child, pauper.
25 and 26. Is the home you live in hired, or is it owned by the head or by a member of the family?
27. If owned by head or member of family, is the house free from mortgage incumbrance?
28. If the head of the family is a farmer, is the farm which he cultivates hired, or is it owned by him or by a member of his family?
29. If owned by head or member of family, is the farm free from mortgage incumbrance?
30. If the home or farm is owned by head or member of family and mortgaged, give the postoffice address of owner.

A PLAGUE OF MICE.

Millions of Them Devastating Crops and Gutting Granaries in Russia.

A terrible plague has swept through Charkow, Russia, and over a large section of Southern Russia.

Millions of field mice, in such numbers as to be irresistible, have overrun those provinces and are passing northward.

They have ruined cultivated fields, completely gutted granaries and wheat stacks, and killed and eaten several hundred dogs.

They swim rivers and climb mountains, and there seems to be no way either of exterminating them or of arresting their progress.

FIGHT FOR DIAMONDS.

A Thief Entices a Jeweler Into His Room for Purpose of Robbery.

An exciting hand-to-hand encounter for $1500 worth of diamonds occurred in a room at the Palmer House, Chicago. One of the combatants was a young man who registered at the hotel under the name of Ralph Allen. That noon he sent to Hyman's jewelry store, and several other similar establishments, asking that diamonds be sent to him for inspection.

In making the request, he wrote, incidentally, that he was confined to the hotel with a sprained ankle. Salesman W. A. Bigler was sent by Hyman & Co. to make inquiries concerning Allen, and found him bathing one ankle with arnica, and wanting the diamonds to make a present. The salesman was suspicious, but decided to return with an assortment of gems, and take the precaution to have a hotel porter, named Perret, stationed near at hand.

When Bigler re-entered the apartment with the $1500 assortment of diamonds Allen made a careful selection, and then bobbed around back of the salesman ostensibly to get money to pay for the purchase. Instead the fellow pulled a heavy cane from under a mattress and felled Bigler to the floor. The salesman, a stirdy six-footer, struggled to his feet and grappled with Allen, meanwhile yelling to the porter. Before the latter individual could collect his wits Allen had broken the cane in four pieces over Bigler's head and dashed down the hallway. To persons who attempted to stop him he shouted, "Catch that insane man," pointing back as he ran.

Timekeeper Gregg, of the hotel staff, was the only person not fooled by this cry. Gregg overhauled Allen in a room into which he had dodged and taken refuge under a bed.

Allen's papers indicate that he came from Washington, and his right name is said to be George B. Pierce. The salesman had a number of scalp wounds. None of the diamonds were lost.

WORK OF THE TORNADO.

The Loss of Life and Damage Done in Three States.

Complete returns of the fatalities caused by the recent tornado which wrought such fearful havoc in Illinois, Kentucky and Indiana are not yet in, but the reports are sufficiently complete to approximately estimate the loss of life. In Louisville the number of those killed outright and receiving fatal injuries will not be far from 120. In other parts of Kentucky 207 persons were killed, the largest fatalities being as follows: Clay, 50; Glasgow, 30; Blackford, 29; Pooltown, 17; Kuttawa, 12; Eddyville, 11; Dixon, 8; Sebree, 8; Marion, 7, and Bremen, 6. In twelve other towns 31 persons were killed, the total for Kentucky being 358. In Illinois 56 persons were killed, the largest fatalities being as follows: Shiloh, 16; Little Prairie, 9; Grand Tower, 7; Mount Vernon, 5; Vienna, 4; Poplar Ridge, 4; Metropolis, 3, and Carbondale, 3. In Indiana 22 were killed—18 at Green River and 4 at Evansville. In Tennessee 9 were killed—8 at Gallatin and 1 at Rogana. The total is 445, but it is probable that in round numbers 500 lives were lost. It is almost impossible to make an accurate estimate of the value of property destroyed, but it may be generally stated as follows: Kentucky, $3,000,000; Illinois, $900,000; Indiana, $325,000; Tennessee, $150,000.

It is just learned that Harper's Ferry, Henry County, Ky., was almost completely destroyed by the tornado. The village, composed of less than two dozen houses, is a considerable distance from any railroad.

The houses were not far apart, and every one of them directly in the course of the tornado. Men, women and children were buried beneath the ruins. Not a house remained standing, and the whole surrounding country was covered with wreckage.

Mrs. Laura Thomas, the wife of a farmer, was found dead by the side of a large tree about one hundred yards from her home. An infant child of a farmer named Fletcher was found beneath the ruins of its father's residence smothered to death. Seven or eight were injured badly, but no others fatally.

CHURCHES PILLAGED.

Outrages Upon Christians in Crete by Turkish Soldiers.

Bodies of Turkish troops have pillaged Christian churches and insulted Christians in the province of Candia, Crete. At the request of the foreign consuls, Chakir Pasha, the Governor, has ordered an inquiry to be made into the outrages. The Mixed Commission will inquire as to the extent of the damages that the Christians have suffered, and the Turks will be compelled to compensate them when the amount is ascertained.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

TH

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

KEEP IT OUT OF POLITICS.

The best farmers of the country are beginning to look with concern upon the attempt there is being made by certain ambitious aspirants to drag the Alliance into politics. The fate of the Grange is before them. They have seen the trouble that has been made every time a farmers' organization has been dragged into politics. They know that politics will break up the organization more quickly than anything else. If the Alliance is worth anything to the farmer—and properly managed we believe it will be—then party politics must be kept out of it.

There are, unfortunately, scheming politicians who are trying to manage the Alliance for selfish ends. They pretend great affection for the farmers. They paint a doleful picture of his condition, and write their sympathy at the bottom. They try to make him unhappy by insisting that he is unhappy, or that he *ought* to be. They end up by volunteering their assistance to smash things generally in his behalf.

Such sharpers should be shunned. They are confidence men looking for a chance to take somebody in. The farmers, as individuals, can express their preference and work for the men of their choice, but as an Alliance they should leave politics alone—should refuse to be hitched on to the tail board of any political cart.

REDEEMING ITS PLEDGES.

The Republican Tariff bill is going to give satisfaction to the people of the Nation. It will give increased protection to the farmers, will provide sufficient revenue for the expenses of the government, and will protect the laborers and manufacturers of the United States against the cheap labor of the old world. The Republicon Congress will complete the policy in accordance with the National platform. A new era of prosperity for the labor and industries of the Nation will be ushered in with the taking effect of the new tariff. The Republican party is grandly redeeming its campaign pledges.

OLDEST AND MOST IMPORTANT.

The CAROLINIAN has ever held that agriculture in some form is the elderly of the occupations of man, and is still the most important, There are probably more persons engaged directly in farming and dependent upon the earnings of the farmer than are engaged in or dependent upon all the other industries of the country, and all laws, whether State or National, ought to be so framed as to promote the interests of the farmer in common with the interests of all other citizen engaged in honorable and useful occupations.

The farm has outrun the workshop in the race for National development in all portions of America, and the result is over-production and low prices. The home market would consume much more largely our surplus if Canada and other foreign countries did not ship in their products so freely. One immediate effect of new tariff will be to check these outside shipments and thus make more of a home market for home producers.

It is well to remember the cold, hard tact, amid all the wild schemes of "financial reform," intended to make money more plentiful, that none of them proposes any plan of rendering it easisr for the average citizen to get hold of it, than the well known one of hard work and strict economy.

The Democrats in the United States Senate have put themselves into line to save the Trusts, by opposing Senator Sherman's anti-Trust bill. The explanation is, that they desire the bill defeated, in order to be able to claim, in the next campaign, that the Republicans were only pretending to oppose Trusts.

Forgery is an unpardonable crime in China. The punishment inflicted in that country is to roll the forger up in a mat and make him stand on his head until every dollar obtained by forgery is returned with compound interest.

At the recent local elections in Connecticut, Indiana and Ohio opportunity was given to the Republican "kicker," of which he was not slow to avail himself. The "kicker" is usually felt in the "off year."

The Washington *Post* affirms that "there are worse men than Susan B. Anthony in the United States Senate." But there are no better women there, and never will be.

Thomas P. Devereaux, of Raleigh, has been appointed Assistant United States District Attorney for this the Western District of the State.

Hon. Samuel J. Randall, the distinguished Democratic member of Congress, after a long illness, died at Washington Sunday morning.

A SPLENDID RECORD.

What an unequaled financial record the United States has made during the past twenty-five years! No other government has ever made one that would be worth considering in comparison with the rapid manner in which this Nation has reduced the immense war debt, kept up the internal improvements, and paid pensions to those who so completely crushed out the most gigantic rebellion in history. Here is the official record. The debt on August 31, 1865 was $2,755,995,275. On the 4th of March 1890 it was reduced to $765,273,850!

The wealth of the Nation has thribbled during the same quarter of a century. Our people live better, dress better, and feel better than any other citizens of the earth. All this prosperity and happiness has come from PROTECTION! We have built up the best home market the world has ever known and we have the capital, the labor, the soil and the climate to produce about everything the American people need. Greater protection to the farmer, the laborer and the manufacturer will bring increased prosperity.

The Democrats are more than holding their own.—*Democratic paper.*

Yes, a great many of them are holding more than their own. Treasurer Archer, of Maryland, is holding a few hundred thousand dollars more than his own, and the ousted Tammany officials in the New York Sheriff's office also have more than their own. It's a Democratic way of doing.

The new extradition treaty between England and the United States went into effect on the 4th of April. Hereafter boodlers, embezzlers, thieves and "reform" treasurers cannot escape their misdeeds by crossing over into Canada. Three cheers for Mr. Blaine!

The New York papers are wrong in saying that the metropolis is governed by demagogues. It is really governed by demijohns.—*Ex.*

Well, isn't it pretty much the same thing?

The farmer is a power in the Nation and will have greatly more influence in shaping future legislation than in the past. And "don't you forget it."

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, April 11, 1890.

Senator Sherman's anti-trust bill as reported back from the Judiciary Committee has been passed by the Senate. The Judiciary Committee made a number of changes in the bill in order to make it conform to the constitutional objections raised against it, and it is feared that in its present condition it will not hamper the trusts to any marked extent if it should become a law.

The Montana case still drags on as the "unfinished business" of the Senate. It may be voted on this week but it is doubtful.

A bill has passed both House and Senate appropriating $75,000 to pay the money stolen by Silcott, it having been decided by Secretary Windom not to appeal from the decision of the Court of Claims making the government responsible for the money.

The members of the Three America's Congress were much pleased with the military review here this afternoon which was gotten up in their honor. All branches of the regular army and of the militia were represented and there was also a batallion of cadets from the Washington High School. The foreigners will start on their Southern tour next week.

A special committee of thirteen republican Senators is engaged in preparing a silver bill at the request of a conference of republican Senators. It is believed that the new bill will deal more liberally with silver than any measure now before either House or Senate.

Representative Butterworth's bill to levy a special tax of $1,000 and a tax of 5 cents per pound and 20 cents per bushel upon the articles which are the subject matter of sales under "futures" and "option" contracts has been favorably reported to the House. The report says the bill is intended to apply to speculative gambling in fictitious farm products, and does not injuriously affect any legitimate trader or dealer in farm products.

Gen. Raum, Commissioner of Pensions, in a report just made to the Secretary of the Interior, shows his office to be in a better condition than ever before. Every application on file on the first of last January will have been examined by the first of May.

The Chicago idea is not making rapid progress in the Senate World's Fair Committee, and some people are beginning to hint that the fair may not go to Chicago after all. But there seems to be no solid foundation for such a statement.

The democrats of the House are afraid to attempt to get up a tariff bill of their own, and have announced that they will simply oppose the McKinley bill. It will become a law at the same,

Secretary Blaine's idea of amending the McKinley tariff bill so as to provide for trade reciprocity with such American nations as may extend the same to the United States has been very favorably received. It provides also that these concessions shall only be made for merchandise carried in American vessels.

The Governor has authorized an exchange of courts whereby Judge MacRae will hold the term of Richmond county court beginning June 2d, and Judge Brown will hold the term for Wayne beginning April 14th.

The 'Buy Cheapest' Fallacy.

Protection to industry by creating a diversity of employment and increasing the number of those who are not engeged in farming, but must depend upon the farmer for the means of subsistence, gives him a steady remunerative market for breadstuffs and creates a market for crops which can not be profitably exported. The foreign market for our wheat is mainly created by England, and is growing every year more uncertain and unsatisfactory. The amount of our corn and wheat required by England depends in the first place upon the crops of Europe, which usually supply from two-thirds to three-fourths of what is needed; than upon the yield in Russia and India; so that the American farmer first takes the chances of his own harvest, and then of a scarcity in Europe, and in late years the further chance of having the price of wheat fixed by the competition of Russian and Indian wheat. And still free traders assert that the true principle is to buy where you can buy the cheapest, and say that if our manufacturing industries, can not successfully compete with cheap capital, organized industries and pauper labor of England, our people should turn their attention to something else—that is to farming—destroy our home markets, and lead our farmers to depend upon a foreign market for the sale of their surplus products.

They propose that we shall increase our exports to pay for our increased imports, and in endeavoring to do so that our farmers shall enter the field in competition with the miserable ryots of India, who live on a few cents a day. If it were proposed to import into the United States several million of the Indian ryots or of Chinese for agricultural laborers, to enable us to compete with India in producing wheat, every white laborer in the United States could see that American labor was threatened. How does the case differ when it is proposed to drive several million of American laborers from the manufactures into agriculture and then to force them into competition with the Indian ryots by increasing our surplus wheat crop, which we will be compelled to get rid of by underselling Indian wheat?

The Lame Walk.

Pitiful indeed is the condition of those who are confined to their beds or chairs unable to walk. How grateful all such must feel when they recover from their helplessness. B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) has made more than one lame person happy.

Mrs. Emma Griffiths, Unitia, Tenn, writes: "My little boy had scrofula so bad his knees were drawn up and his knee stiff and he could not walk. He derived no benefits from medicines until I tried B. B. B. After using it a short time only he can walk and has no pain. I shall continue its use."

Mirtle M. Tanner, Boonville, Ind, writes: "I had blood poison from birth. Knots on my limbs were as large as hen's eggs. Doctors said I would be a cripple, but B, B. B. has cured me sound and well. I shall ever praise the day the men who invented Blood Balm were born."

The Homage Paid by his Foes.

From the Indianopolis Journal.

Mr. Reed has lived to see a great change come over the Democratic grass burners. The last echo of the denunciations has ceased, and their impressive silence is an eloquent tribute to the completeness of his victory and the excellence of its results. Those who a little while ago professed to regard him as a monster of injustice and tyranny now tacitly accept the general verdict that he has carried through the greatest legislative reform of recent times and is preeminently the right man for the place. No man ever had so complete a vindication in so short a time.

THE RESULTS OF THE PAN-AMERICAN CONGRESS.—In an interesting contribution to Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper this week Wm. Eleroy Curtis writes of the results of the Pan-American Congress. Owing to his intimate connection with the Congress Mr. Curtis's opinions are of much value. Among the illustrations are those of a session of the New York Senate Committee investigating the Sheriff's office, the French Market in New Orleans, a page of admirable sketches of a trip through the Sounds and Canals of North Carolina, the Floral Festival at Detroit, together with a portrait of Mrs. C. J. Barnes of Chicago and other pictures of note.

Strains and external injuries are the chief causes of weak ankles and joints. By the free use of Salvation Oil a cure will be effected in a short time.

"And there was a mask ball that night," yes and they kept it up pretty lively until morning. You see they weren't afraid of the early frost—knowing that all the druggists keep supplied with Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, the old reliable standby.

The Animals Would be Disgraced.

Chicago Inter-Ocean.

New York wants to enlarge her Central Park menagerie. She might add Tammany Hall to the collection.

Kicks that are not Felt.

Philadelphia Press,

The chief kick against the McKinley bill comes from the free trade organs. Fortunately, however, for American interests, their kick doesn't count.

A Southern Tribute to Lincoln.

From the Louisville, Ky., Times, Mar. 6.

Abraham Lincoln was the most conspicuous figure this hemisphere has ever known save Christopher Columbus and George Washington As every French soldier has hidden in his knapsack the marshal's baton, so Lincoln typified the possibilities to which the poverty-stricken child of the humblest may attain. He was beyond cavil a great man—large brained and large hearted. Though he dominated at an epoch when sectional jealousy merged into sectional war no sentence can be attributed to him that was not full of charity and tolerance. His death was a loss to the north but a disaster to the south. A broad and liberal man, he would have been animated by magnanimity in dealing with questions of reconstruction. He knew men even better than he knew principles, and he alone of his party was able to have bound up speedily the wounds of four years of war. Thus it is with feelings of poignant regret that the country learns of the death of his grandson yesterday, who represented the hopes of a line that stands side by side with Washington at one section and which grows day by day in the estimation of the other section.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same some of praise, A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the liver and kidneys, will remove pimples, boils, salt rheum and other affections caused by impure blood. Will drive malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all malarial fevers. For cure of headache, constipation and indigestion try Electric Bitters. Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Price 50c and $1 per bottles at A. Wadsworth's drug store.

What are English Farmers Doing?

American Economist.

The quantity of stock held by the British farmer and cattle breeder is decreasing each year, while the population goes on increasing.—London Financial Times.

The free trade theory is that as farmers were driven from grain-raising and decreased the area under plow by 10 per cent. they would turn to something "more profitable" and increase the stock carried. It does not seem however to work that way. Under the concentration of capital in a few large hands that seem inseperable from free trade, English agriculture is following the course of the Scotch; there the small farmers were driven out of the highlands to make room for sheep and the sheep have been removed to make room for deer.

England is now spending a great deal of money among us to make the map of Ireland fit some of our Western States, just as she spent a great deal of money 90 years ago to make the map of Ireland what it is.

What a Colored Man Says.

Murfreesboro Index.

At a meeting of the colored people held at the colored Baptist Church on the night of the 2nd, Henry Earle, principal of the colored public school, read a very sensible essay on the "Negro Question," from which we extract the following: "When we shall have comprehended the great doctrines of Christianity, and its influences have taken root in our intelligence, born fruit in our lives, crustalized into institutions under us—when we have gotten abreast of our white neighbors in the knowledge of arts and sciences, and are able to advance with them along the line of progress in discovery and invention, then will the end of this much mooted question be. While we are learning this lesson we cannot hope to rule but to be ruled. Anything to the contrary is bosh."

STATE NEWS.

On the 9th inst the steam saw mill of B. Walking, at Washington, was destroyed by fire.

The saw and shingle mill of Davenport & Fleming, at Pactolus, was burned down on the 10th inst.

Mr. Daniel Stimson, a resident of Newberne died on April 6. He was a man much esteemed and left many friends to mourn his departure.

The youngest depot agent in North Carolina, according to the Sanford Express, is Camie Smith the agent at Egypt. He is 14 years of age.

Daniel Hood, a well known farmer of Wayne county, has during the past season bagged forty-nine coons, one hundred 'possums and forty foxes.

Gov. Fowle has commuted the sentence of Jesse Brown frem death to life imprisonment. Brown was tried for murder at the fall term of Craven court 1889, convicted and sentenced to be hanged April 11th, 1890.

Mount Airy News says that the wife of Jack Arrington, Patrick, Va, not far from Mount Airy, N. C., gave birth a few days ago to what might be called a double baby. The child has two heads, two stomachs, and only two arms and legs. It is living and doing well.

Governor Fowle has appointed May 8th as the day of execution of Stephen Jacobs, the not Robeson county desperado, who was convicted of murder and sentenced to be hanged, but took an appeal to the Supreme Court. He is a notorious character and has been concerned in several murders.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

And Put More Money in his Pocket.

Louisville Courier Journal.

With a tariff tax on eggs, the American rooster will crow half an hour earlier than usual, thus giving the honest farmer more time for his day's work.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Cures Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Nervousness, and General Debility. Physicians recommend it. All dealers sell it. Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Sold at druggists

Prompt Returns. Established 1860.

J. W. WHARTON,

Wholesale

—Fruit and Produce—

Commission Merchant,

3 Tach Street, Phila.

Oranges, Apples Potatoes' Onions, Peaches, Berries and Southern Vegetables

A Specialty.

Stencils furnished. Correspondence invited.

Jacob Salomonsky

—0—0—

The Grandest Display of

—0—0—

Dress Goods

and

Clothing!

Ever Brought to Elizabeth City

The Stock is complete in every way, comprising of CLOTHING, DRESS GOODS, VELVETS, CASHMERES NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, etc., all of which are guaranteed at the

Very Lowest Prices.

His ready made garments are equal to the best custom made, and perfect fits are made in all cases.

A Fine Assortment of

Gents Furnishing Goods.

Store on Water Street

Elizabeth City, - - N. C.

ESSENTIAL OILS

SASSAFRAS, PENNYROYAL, WINTER GREEN SPEARMINT, &c.

Bought for Net Cash, on receipt and approval, without charge for Commission, Brokerage, etc., by

DODGE & OLCOTT,

86 & 88 WILLIAM, ST., N. Y.

2-38.

ICE AND COAL!

RAWLINS, WHITEHURST & CO.

continue to supply ICE both in large and small quantities.

We are now receiving our supply of COAL, and will fill all orders promptly.

All coal is screened before leaving the yard. None but the best handled, and LOWEST PRICES guaranteed.

Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N.C. FRED DAVIS

4-tf. Agent

SHERIFF'S SALE FOR TAXES.

I have this day levied upon the lands described below in Pasquotank county for taxes due on the same and will sell the same at the Court House door in Elizabeth City on Monday the 5th of May 1890.

SALEM TOWNSHIP.

J. C. Johnson 260 acres of land bounded by the lands of B. B. Johnson, Anthony Johnson and others Tax $9.07; cost $2.50.

Estate of B. W. Wiggins, 42 acres, adjoining Little River, the land of R. F. Overman and others. Tax $2.01; cost $2.50. John Shaw, 18 acres, adjoining the land of Elisha Lister, the Alexander farm and others. Tax $2.01; cost $2.50.

MT. HERMON TOWNSHIP.

Alfred Turner, 50 acres, laying on the Desert road adjoining the lands of Wm. Cooper and others. Tax $2.01; cost $2.50.

J. T Newbold, 106 acres, lying on Mt. Hermon road adjoining the lands of Jefferson Reid and others. Tax $12.08; cost $2.50.

NEWLAND TOWNSHIP.

Dudley Bean, 2540 acres, adjoining the lands of the Jonn L. Roper Co., and others. Tax $51.16; cost $2.50.

Mar. 31, 1890. T. P. WILCOX, Sheriff

ELSTNER'S COMMERCIAL RATING

Shipping Book.

This is a valuable Book for

Dealers and Shippers of Fruit, Vegetables, Fish, Oysters, Hay Grain, Flour, Groceries, &c., &c.

Address the undersigned, **within 30 days,** at

BALTIMORE, MD.,

GENERAL DELIVERY.

Joseph Elstner.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH.

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for *Moderate Fees.*

OUR OFFICE is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not FREE of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents with names of actual clients in your State sent free. Address,

C. A. Snow & Co.

— OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE, —

Washington, D. C

DAY'S HORSE POWDER

Prevents Lung Fever and cures Distemper, Heaves, Fevers, &c., &c.

1 pound in each package. Price 25 Cts. Sold by all dealers.

DR. BULL'S BABY SYRUP

Facilitates Teething! Regulates the Bowels!

Sold at druggists

25c A BOTTLE SALVATION OIL

KILLS PAIN

BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

For the cure of Coughs, Colds, Croup, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption and for the relief of Consumptive persons. PRICE 25 CTS. For Sale by all druggists

SMOKE LANGE'S CUBEB CIGARETTES for Catarrh Price 10 Cts. At all druggists.

Maltby & Oldfield,

MANUFACTURERS OF & DEALERS IN

Norfolk Steam Works Hand-made, Pressed, Moulded or Shaped Building and Paving Bricks.

Drain Tiles,

For Farm Drainage and small Culverts.

Cement Pipe,

For Well Curbs and large Culverts.

George S. Oldfield,

Office & P. O. Address 26 Holt St. & at works,

—Telephone No. 206.—

Manufactories, Maltby St., & B. C. Turnpike,

Norfolk, - Va.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned have entered into partnership to carry on the UNDERTAKER'S Business at this place as the successors of the late John H. Ziegler, and at the old stand. In accordance with the wish of the said deceased, expressed in his last will and testament, the business will be conducted in the name of "JOHN H. ZIEGLER" as heretofore.

We will endeavor to serve the public in our line of business upon the same principles of fairness and honesty as were always observed and acted upon by our honored predecessor.

A full supply of Metalic Coses, Cloth Covered and Wooden Caskets kept on hand

March 6, 1889.

CHRISTINA ZIEGLR,
FRED H. ZIEGLER.

Oyster Shells.

PARTIES wanting Oyster Shells for fertilizing or filling up purposes, can now be supplied at my Wharf at 3 cents a bushel.

2-19 **N. B. Zimmerman.**

1890.

Harper's Magazine.

ILLUSTRATED.

A new Shakespeare—the Shakespeare of Edwin A. Abbey—will be presented in Harper's Magazine for 1890, with comments by Andrew Lang. Harper's Magazine has also made special arrangements with Alphonse Daudet, the greatest of living French novelists, for the exclusive publication, in serial form, of a humorous story, to be entitled "The Colonists of Tarascon: the last Adventures of the Famous Tartarin." The story will be translated by Henry James, and illustrated by Rossi and Myrbach.

W. D. Howells will contribute a novelette in three parts, and Lafeadio Hearn a novelette in two parts, entitled "Youma," handsomely illustrated.

In illustrated papers, touching subjects of current interest, and in its short stories, poems and timely articles, the Magazine will maintain its well-known standard.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE..... $4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY..... 4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR..... 4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE..... 2 00

Postage free to all subscribers in the United States and Canada.

The Volumes of the Magazine begin with the numbers for June and December of each year. When no time is specified subscriptions will begin with the umber current at time of receipt of order.

Bound Volumes of Harper's Magazine for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of $3 00 per volume. Cloth Cases, for binding, 50 cents each—by mail post-paid.

Index to Harper's Magazine, Alphabetical, Analytical and Classified, for Volume 1 to 70, inclusive, from June 1850 to June 1885, one vol., 8vo, Cloth, $4 00.

Remittances should be made by Post office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertise ment without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

Valuable Water Mill for Sale.

The valuable water mill, known as "Goodwin's Mill," situated in Belvidere Township, Perquimans county, N. C., is now offered for sale to effect a division of the property. It is located in the midst of a fine timber section of country. The facility for transfer of timber to mill and lumber to market is good. Market for grain is unsurpassed. Mill is in good repair. Terms, $2500, $1000 cash, and $500 and interest each year for three years. Title good. For further particulars apply to the undersigned at Belvidere, Perquimans county, N. C.

Sept. 25th, 1889. RUFUS WHITE.

Ladies' Beautifully Embroidered

DRESS ROBES

ALL COLORS,

From $2.99 to $10.00 for Full Dress Lengths.

Greatest Bargains ever offered.

BEST QUALITY

SILK SEAL PLUSH CLOAKS,

$18.50.

Send for descriptive price list.

A. H. AGNEW,

Alexandria, Va.

Fish Advertisements.

HINCHMAN SON & CO

Wholesale Commission Dealers

FRESH FISH, GAME, TER RAPIN, Etc,

7 & 8 DOCK STREET WHARF,

PHILADELPHIA PA.

North Carolica Shad a Specialty. No Agents.

A. W. HAFF,

Successor to

Lanphear & Haff,

Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish, Lobsters, Etc., Etc:

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET,

NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty No Agents,

DAVENPORT & MORRIS.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS

And Dealers in Fish.

RICHMOND, VA.

Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited, and proceeds remitted in cash On account of our intimate acquaintance, and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West at South we are able to handle North Carolina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market.

1890 Shad Season. 1890

J. H. Harris

— WITH —

CALEB HALEY & CO

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of

FRESH FISH.

14 Fulton Fish Market,

New York.

Special attention given to the sale of **North Carolina Shad** and all other choice Fish caught in the waters of the Old North State.

Stencils and stationary furnished upon application,

SAMUEL B. MILLER. CLARENCE G. MILLER

S. B. MILLER & CO,

WHOLESALE COMMISSION

FISH DEALERS,

NO. 7 FULTON MARKET

New York.

Shad a Specialy. Stencils and stationary furnished on application.

S. L. STORER & CO,

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of

Fresh Fish,

LOBSTERS, TURTLE, ETC,

19 Fulton Fish Market,

New York.

Stencils and Stationery furnished on application.

O. S. HARDING & CO.

Wholesale Commission Dealers in

FRESH FISH

Game and Terrapin,

Special attention paid to sale of North Carolina Shad,

Nos 9, 10, 36 & 37 Dock Street

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Consignments solicited and Shipping Orders promptly attended to.

H. Hilgartner Sons

Steam

Marble & Granite Works

MONUMENTS, ETC,

Marble and Slate Mantels, Wainscoting Encaustic and Marble Tiling. Furniture & Counter Slabs, Etc., Etc.

526 & 528 West Baltimore St

BALTIMORE, MD.

The Mormon Elders' Book on Social Strength, mailed free to married men, address P. A. Crosby, 361 Grand St., New York

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE, with its varied and excellent contents, is a library in itself.

It was indeed a happy thought to print an entire novel in each number.

Not a short novelette, but a long story such as you are used to get in book form and pay from one dollar to one dollar and a half for.

Not only that, but with each number you get an abundance of other contributions, which gives you a good magazine besides the novel.

It does not follow in old beaten paths,—which is an easy task,—but is perpetually discovering new and pleasant ones, and following them too.

The ringing blows which have been struck on the gateway of popular favor, have resounded throughout the entire land, and to-day Lippincott's Magazine stands in the front rank of monthly publications, and is the most widely-read-and-talked-of publication of its kind in the world. For full descriptive circulars, address

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE, Philadelphia.

$3.00 per year. 25 cts. single number.

The publisher of this paper will receive your subscription.

MELAINE

TRADE MARK

INDELIBLE INK

THE ONLY ★ ABSOLUTELY INDELIBLE ★ INK

"THE ETHIOPIAN CAN NOT CHANGE HIS SKIN NOR THE LEOPARD HIS SPOTS."

MARKING DONE WITH this INK is EQUALLY UNCHANGEABLE.

CAN NOT BE REMOVED WITHOUT DESTROYING THE FABRIC.

NO HOT IRON OR SUNLIGHT REQUIRED. CAN BE USED WITH STAMP OR PEN.

RETAIL PRICE, 25c.

ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF

Writing and Copying Inks, Sealing Wax, Mucilage, Wafers, Etc.

THADDEUS DAVIDS CO.,

127 129 William Street, NEW YORK CITY.

ESTABLISHED 18—

PEERLESS DYES

ARE THE BEST FOR BLACK STOCKINGS.

FINE COLORS THAT NEITHER SMUT WASH OUT NOR FADE

CAN ONLY BE MADE BY USING

PEERLESS DYES

40 Colors

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS

ALSO

PEERLESS BRONZE PAINTS—6 Colors.
PEERLESS LAUNDRY BLUING.
PEERLESS INK POWDERS—3 Kinds, 7 Colors.
PEERLESS SHOE AND HARNESS DRESSING.
PEERLESS EGG DYES—8 Colors.

PERFUMES

—MADE FROM FLOWERS IN THE—

LAND OF FLOWERS!

DOUSSAN'S

Sweet South

In 1 oz. Sprinkler-Top Bottles,

EACH 65 CENTS.

ALSO OUR EXTRA FINE SPECIALTIES.

LYS DES INCAS! SPRING MIST!
LUNEAS! NEVADA!
IMPERIAL PINK!
ROUSSEL ROSE
EDEN BOUQUET!
LILY OF THE VALLEY!

All 50 cents per bottle. **PICCIOLA!**

The most delicate and most lasting odors made. Our trade-mark patented on every label.

"Delicate as a cobweb,
Lasting as the hills."

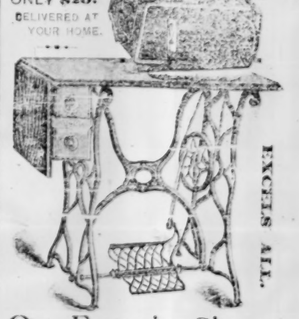
If your druggist don't keep them send amount to us and we will forward prepaid.

DOUSSAN FRENCH PERFUMERY CO.,

46 Chartres St., New Orleans, La.

FAVORITE SINGER

Warranted for Five Years.



ONLY $20.

DELIVERED AT YOUR HOME.

Our Favorite Singer

Drop Leaf, Fancy Cover, Large Drawers, Nickel Rings, Tucker, Ruffler, Binder, Four Widths of Hemmers.

Sent on one week's trial. Delivered in your home free of freight charges. Buy only of Manufacturers. Save Canvassers' Commissions. Get New Machines. Address for circulars and Testimonials

Co-operative Sewing Machine Co.,

819 Quince Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

A $30 A Day Man!

A VOICE from Ohio. Here is a portrait of Mr. Garner, of Salem, Ohio, one of our workers. Was at work on a farm for $20 a month. Has now an agency for E. C. Allen & Co's celebrated embroideries and made $200 in one month. (Signed) W. E. GARNER.

William Kline, Harrisburg, Pa., writes: "I have never known anything to sell like your albums. Yesterday I took 10 orders and to-day no less than $25." W. J. Ely, Rangor, Me., writes: "I take an order for your album at almost every house I call. Have made profits often as much as $20 per day. A single day's work, if others are doing quite as well, will more than pay for a year's supply of goods from their profits. Every one who takes hold of this grand business gets rich right off." Shall we start YOU in this business, reader? Write to us and learn all about it for yourself. We are starting many; we will start you if you feel like taking hold and another gets ahead of you in your part of the country. If you take hold you will be able to pick up gold fast. $2.50 Read On account of a forced manufacturer's sale 125,000 ten dollar Photograph Albums are to be sold to the people for $2 each. Bound in Royal Crimson Velvet Plush. Charmingly decorated inside. Handsomest albums in the world. Largest Size. Greatest bargains ever known. Agents wanted. Liberal terms. Big money to anyone. Any one can become a successful agent. Sells itself on sight—little or no talking necessary. Wherever shown, every one wants to purchase. Agents take thousands of orders with rapidity never before known. Great profits await every worker. Agents are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men. You, reader, can do as well as any one. Full information and terms free, to those who write for same, with particulars about Teachers' and Family Bibles, Books and Periodicals. After you know all, should you conclude to go no further, why no harm is done. Address E. C. ALLEN & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

GOLD FREE OUR NEW $85 Solid Gold Watch FREE. Worth $140.00, over 250 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper Warranted heavy, SOLID GOLD hunting cases, both ladies and gent's sizes, with works and cases of equal value. ONE PERSON in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable lines of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, are free. All the work you need do is to show what we send you to those who call—your friends and neighbors and those about you—but always results in valuable trade for us, which holds for years when once started, and thus we are repaid. We pay all express, freight, etc. After you know all, if you would like to go to work for us, you can earn from $20 to $50 per week and upwards. Address Stinson & Co., Box 819, Portland, Maine.

WHAT WE WANT.

We want weekly information from every county of the Albemarle District, of every and all-new enterprises starting or established, improvements of all kinds, everything connected with the development of this section and the upbuilding of the people. Send us short, plain statements, as often as may be. The CAROLINIAN is interested in the material advancement of this section of Eastern North Carolina, and it will gladly publish all matters of the kind indicated.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—W. C. Glover. Commissioners—J. B. Flora, J. B. Brockett, Zephaniah Burgess, Will G. Underwood and Emanuel Davis. Clerk—J. W. Albertson jr. Treasurer—Tho's R. Mann. Constable and Collector—A. West. Attorney—E. F. Aydlett.

Collector of Customs—Palemon John. Postmaster—Wm. C. Davis.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. E. M. Jordan, Pastor. Baptist—Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, Pastor. Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector. Presbyterian—Not yet regularly supplied.

COLORED. Methodist—Rev. J. S. Caldwell, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder Z. H. Berry, Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge, No. 317—T. B. Wilson, W. M., E. F. Lamb, Sec'y, S. S. Fowler, Treasurer,

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge, No. 14—Geo. W. Twiddy, N. G., H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sanders, Treasurer,

Royal Arcanum: Tiber Creek Council, No. 1203—Fred. Davis, Regent; M. B. Culpepper, Secretary, C. E. Kramer, Treas'r.

American Legion of Honor: J. D. Fulmer, Commander; Zenas Fearing, Secretary, G. W. Bell, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Burgess, Dictator; Wm. Towe, Reporter; Ed. Davis, Treasurer.

U. S. Benevolent Fraternity—E. F. Aydlett, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; T. B. Wilson, Treasurer.

THE COUNTY.

Commissioners: F. M. Godfrey, Chairman, C. H. Robinson, D. B. Bradford, Elliot Whitehurst and J. T. Spence. Sheriff, Thos P. Wilcox. Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper. Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb. Board of Education, J. W. Albertson jr., R. B. Creecy jr., and N. E. Jones. Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. L. Sheep

—*MISCELLANEOUS*—

DR. R. H. McINTOSH
Physician & Surgeon,
Office on South Road Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

J.W. ALBERTSON. J.W. ALBERTSON JR.
J. W. ALBERTSON & SON,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law
Practice in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle District, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER
2d door North of Poindexter Street Depot, near the Depot
Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

GEO. W. BELL.
Gun-Smith,
At the Old Stand on Road Street
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

F. M. COOK,

JEWELER.
East Main Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Home-Made Tin-Ware,
—BY—
H. O. HILL,
The Tinner,
Fearing St. Dock, Elizabeth City, N. C.
And GUTTERING, ROOFING, and all kinds of Work pertaining to the business done by skilled workmen.

IT'S TIME
You began to think of your Fall Trading Friend, and when you think of that, you can think of
Moses Weisel's Stock,
which offers everything in the choice of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats etc., that can delight the eye or please the heart of the buyer,
MOSES WEISEL'S QUOTATIONS
Are the lowest that can be made on all kinds of goods, the lowest prices are promised to every buyer, and I will see that the promise holds good. If you are wise
YOU WON'T LOSE A MINUTE.
But hustle right off and get the pick of the New Goods that are offered at
MOSES WEISEL'S,
Corner Main & Water sts, Elizabeth City

—*HOTELS*—

New Albemarle House,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
FRANK M. GRICE. Prop'r
TERMS: $2. & $2.50 Per Day

The attention of the traveling public is invited to this large and elegant Hotel. It has been refited and made first class. It is centrally located, within a block of the telegraph and post offices, and convenient to the railroad and steamboat.
The Proprietor will spare no effort to make the ALBEMARLE a genuine *Home* for his patrons. The rooms are large well furnished and carefully kept, and the table is of the best.
Electric Bells have been introduced.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON, N. C.
This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations of the traveling public,
FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED
Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired. Free Hacks to all Transand Steamers.
Terms Reasonable.
J. L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

--Eagle Hotel,--
Hertford, - - - - - N. C
Joseph H. Long, Propr.
New Furniture, New Servants and everything First Class.
Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel.

The North Carolinian.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16, 1890.

Farmers are fairly on with planting corn.

The truckers report a good and even stand of Irish potatoes.

The catches at the Fisheries have greatly improved the past week.

Federal Court here next week. There will be several cases for trial.

Mr. J. M. Whedbee, of Hertford, will have charge of the Nag's Head Hotel this summer. A good selection.

While the plums and early peaches were about destroyed by the frost, the pears have escaped. A full crop is in prospect.

It really is amusing to see how busy certain Democratic aspirants for some of the County offices are in trying to "dicker" with the negro! What fair promises are being made! It is the old story of the spider and the fly.

The CAROLINIAN has repeatedly offered to do the County printing for much less than is being paid for it, but the offer has never been accepted. As for the Town printing, it will guarantee to do it for at least one-third less than has been paid during the past two years.

Supervisor Cobb having completed the sub-division of his district into Enumerator divisions, forwarded them to the Superintent at Washington, and they have been approved. He is now engaged in examining the applications for Enumerators. As already stated there are 160 in this district.

While the winter just past has been one of the mildest on record it served to introduce a spring that will long be remembered in this country for its diversified disasters. The whirlwind and the flood have been let loose upon the land filling many sections with lamentations and with suffering.

During the past few weeks we have had interviews with a number of the leading farmers of this section and from them we learn that more and more are the suggestions of the CAROLINIAN in regard to thorough preparation being put in practice. The result will show that those who do this are acting wisely.

The Supervisor of the Census has forwarded schedules to the Treasurer of this and the other counties for to be filled, giving certain information. As servants of the county, it is hoped that these officers will respond to the request made in order that the showing may be as creditible as the facts will justify. If this is not done our counties will contrast unfavorably with others, which will show to our disadvantage when appearing in the records of the Eleventh Census.

The special attention of our farmers and truckers is called to the card of the old and reliable wholesale Commission House of J. W. Wharton, No. 5 Dock street, Philadelphia. We had the pleasure last week of a call from the representative Mr. W. A. Nickerson, who was on a trip to see and make the personal acquaintance of Mr. Wharton's old friends and customers. He is a courteous and well posted gentleman and will, we feel sure, look after the interests of all who deal with the house.

On examining the laws of North Carolina, session of 1889, we find that the amened charter of Elizabeth City, as recently arranged and recommended by the "star chamber" bosses and passed on the 9th of March, the boundaries of the First Ward embrace 9 lines and corners the Third, 15; the Fourth, 17; and the Fifth, 11. By this gerrymander one half of the voters of the town, being put in the Fourth Ward, are virtually disfranchised. The Ward elections, so far as the popular will is concerned, are simply farces, but the tax-payers have to foot the bills!

When, twenty years ago, the editor of the CAROLINIAN predicted that the roar of the Iron Horse, the clacking of the Telegraph and the whirring of engines running large Mills would be heard in Elizabeth City, there are a good many people yet living in its borders who sneeringly laughed at him as a "fool;" when he continued repeating it fifteen years ago they jeeringly remarked that he was "a wild dreamer," and when, ten years ago, he persisted in declaring the faith that was in him they almost pityingly pointed at him as an "impracticable enthusiast." But lo! both he and they have lived to see all these predictions more than realized. It has required faith, courage and hard work, but, at last, they came, and they have come to stay. And it goes without saying that the CAROLINIAN is more hopeful for the future than ever. It will *keep on* "talking" for the town. Those who live to see it twenty years hence will find it with a quadrupled population.

Be sure and use good seed and plant carefully.

—WANTED: 100 Merchant's to handle Fowler & Co's 25 cent wool Hats and 10 cent Suspenders.

The voracious potato bug is already appearing and putting in destructive work.

Not a week passes without new names being added to the CAROLINIAN subscription list.

"Management" is a word that has more meaning on the farm and in business than is generally suspected.

— Wise men follow the star that lead to Moses Weisels store.

The CAROLINIAN holds that there is a "screw loose" in the mental or moral make up of a man in good health who "can't find anything to do."

—Buy E. P. Reed & Co's fine shoes. Fowler & Co., agents.

The question is asked: "What responsibility does a man assume when he endorses a note?" The answer is simply this: He is held for the payment of the note in full, principal and interest, if the maker of the note, though misfortune, mismanagement or rascality, fails to pay it.

—See Fowler & Co's. 50 cent Shirts for working men.

The CAROLINIAN holds that labor is the source of all wealth and happiness. We are a Nation of laborers and the highest titles in the land can be secured by those who toil. The Republican party is the friend of labor, and protection to labor is the cardinal principle of the party.

—Miles of new Dress Goods for sale at Fowler & Co. Call and examine.

As the CAROLINIAN is the only Republican paper in the District, all who believe in the principles of the party ought to take it and aid in extending its circulation. In addition to the general news, it furnishes much important matter not to be obtained elsewhere. The subscription is only $1.50 a year, if paid in advance.

—Engle & Zoeller's Protographic Gallery is now open.

To "Civis" the CAROLINIAN replies that the "cipher dispatches" of 1876 were telegraphic dispatches, written in cipher, which passed between the managers of the Tilden campaign and their emissaries in Florida and Oregon, during the dispute over the Presidency. They were deciphered, and proved to relate to an effort, by bribery, to get the Electoral votes of those States counted for Tilden.

—There was a young woman named Fleet who had bunions all over her feet When she heard the glad news of well fittin shoes, she tumbled right off of her seat. Shoes for all at Moses Weisel's

A Northern correspondent, among other inquiries, asks the CAROLINIAN: "Do any number of the colored people of Elizabeth City own their homes?" The answer is, they do. Among those whose residences are neat and very respectable are Jesse R. Brown, Elisha Overton, Whitmel Lane, Isaac Leigh, Hugh Cale, Jordan Close and Henry Starke. Quite a number of others have comfortable homes, all their own. And the number is increasing

—A car load of Yellow Seed Oats just received at Robinson & Co's.

The editor of the CAROLINIAN, having been born and reared on a farm, has never lost his interest in those who "till the soil," and he sympathises with them in their trials and needs; but he sometimes thinks farmers place too much of the blame of their misfortunes on others when they themselves are to blame for not farming as well as they are capable of doing. Too many farmers are spending time and money at producing half-crops, and keeping animals that give only half returns. In the contest between whole farming and half farming there can be but one result. Reader, are you a whole farmer or only a half farmer?

—The reason why Robinson & Co., has such a trade is probably because he minds his P's and Q's: Price and Purity: Quantity and Quality. People are apt to appreciate the highest in purity when it is associated with the lowest in price,

The editor of the CAROLINIAN has always felt an interest in young men who have something in them—aspiring to improve their condition and be somebody, and it has been his privilege to help, in the way of recognition, encouragement and other ways, a large number who have succeeded, and it is a proud satisfaction to know that they have ever remained his friends. That interest continues—is stronger than ever, and he feels it a pleasure to aid, in his humble way when he can, every worthy young man who is dependant on his own resources, encouraging him to enter the battle of life with a brave heart and with determination to win the confidence and the victory right action and earnest effort never fail to secure. The old men will pass away. The young men must take their places. To them must be committed the affairs of the country. Let them be encouraged to prepare themselves for the duties and responsibilities soon to be theirs.

Diversified farming is the safest.

Mr. V. B. Etheridge, caught some 500 blue fish near Nag's Head on Thursday, from which he realized about $1500 for them.

Mr J. M. Weeks, of Salem, has been requested by the Alliance of this county to collect the statistics of crops, etc, and report.

Mr. N. G. Grandy, of Camden, has the State Agency for the sale of one of the best copying books we has ever seen. It has pleased us so much that we have ordered one.

A telegram was received here on Monday that Capt. John W. Hill, of the schooner "Pecora," was accidently drowned near Ocracoke. The vessel hails from this place but his family reside in Washington.

Judging from the letters and applications received by the Supervisor of the Census, there are a good many people who have no proper conception of the qualifications necessary to perform the duties of Enumerators. Not only is the King's English badly mutilated but the orthography and chirography are equally at fault. A correct census is demanded, and to insure this the work must be accurately done.

"The Cricket on the Hearth" was played to a full house on Monday night. Most of the principal characters were taken by the same general favorites about whose acting ye critic has often written, so it need only be said they sustained their well deserved reputation. They were Miss Gaskins as "Dot," Mr. Melick as "John," and Mr. Sanderson as "Tackelton." Some new stars have risen upon the dramatic firmament this winter, Among those in the "Cricket" were Miss Minnie Albertson, who played "Bliad Bertha" with tender pathetic grace; her sister, Miss Kate, who has performed the minor roles assigned to her in so winning a manner the public generally would like to see her aspire to some more ambitious part; Mr. Ed Underwood whose "Caleb Plummer" will add to his dramatic fame; and Mr. Charlie Pool who is to be congratulated upon his first appearance before the footlights in the well rendered part of the dignified lover. It was a pleasure to listen to little Miss Mae Wood as fairy cricket, for she spoke distinctly, which some of the older players failed to do. Little Alex Wadsworth and sweet little Katie Ehringhaus made a charming John and Dot in tableau and they recieved quite an ovation from the audience, The fairy scenes of little children was lovely. The receipts amounted to about $70.

LOCAL MENTION

Growing weather.—Fine oysters and fish plentiful and cheap.—Rev. P. W. Melick has returned from a two week's visit North.—Arthur Spruill esq., of Columbia, was in the city last week on professional business.—

The Lentin fasts have vanished
For the world festivities,
And the sackcloth and the ashes
Are flying to the breeze.

—We had the pleasure of a visit a few days ago, from Mr. Richard S. Daniels, a leading Republican of Pamlico. He gave us much interesting information in relation to that part of the district.—Thanks to a kind and thoughtful friend for a large and delicious blue fish. How it was enjoyed.—George D. Pool and Arthur Pritchard were the first in the market with radishes and cabbage.—Mrs. West, of Virginia, is visiting her mother Mrs. Judge Brooks on Road street.—Our local Spring poet contributes the following:

The reason for this weather is plain,
Spring took old Winter's umbrella,
And Winter's followed her up, you see,
To get it back and tell her,

—Mrs. Emmerson, of Portsmouth Va. is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Frank Vaughan on Church street.—Mr. Geo. E. Brodrick, whose headquarters is now at Roanoke, Va. spent Saturday and Sunday here.—Work has commenced on Old's new steam saw mill on River Avenue.—The oyster shucking and canning works make Zimmerman's wharf one of the busiest parts of the city.—At last spring time has come, and it is the season full of wonders.

There is wonder in the air,
In the trees and in the flowers, there is wonder everywhere;
There is wonder in the singing birds that over the green sward scoot,
And wonder in the young man's mind where to get a new suit.

Let him go to Jake Salomonsky's, or to Moses Weisel's, or to Fowler & Co's.—The series of meetings at the Baptist Church closed on Friday night. Considerable interest was manifested.—It is peace, quiet and order that all good citizens want, and they have had it ever since Mr. A. W. Simpson has been appointed chief of Police.—There was a fair attendance at all the churches on Sunday and excellent sermons were delivered.—Another neat dwelling house is being put up on South Martin street between Lawrence and Shephard.—Capt Waters informs us that, considering the fluctuating weather, his Fisheries have done fairly well. His catches of rock have increased the past week. The Captain makes it a point to stick close at work during the busy season.—Raper's Grist Mill is doing a good business.—The CAROLINIAN doesn't agree with Mayor Glover politically, but this has not and does not prevent it from doing him justice. He has made a good officer, enforcing the law with firmness and impartiality.—There is a demand for more dwelling houses in Elizabeth City.—Let one of the early acts of the new Municipal administration be to inaugurate measures for the dredging of Tiber and Poindexter creeks. When done it will be a more enduring monument than the little tablet on the Southern gable end of the Market House.—Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Grice, of the Albemarle, are recreating in the mountains of Western North Carolina.—A number of young ladies and gentlemen enjoyed a sociable and dance at Mr. Engels on Friday night. Prof. Fred H. Ziegler furnished the music.—The time for milk shakes and soda water is here and none know better how to make them than Crowder Allen. Under his manipulation they are simply delicious.—Hon. E. A. White spent Monday evening here. He left on Tuesday morning for Raleigh.—We acknowledge a visit on Monday from Messrs W. S. Reid and J. S. Green, two very intelligent colored men from Gatesville.—The reception given at the Armory last night by the Pasquotank Rifles was an enjoyable affair. There were drills, music and dancing. Thanks for special courtisies.—Our amiable friend Paul Creecy, of the *Economist*, has returned from a visit to the Fisheries and he reports that he had a royal good time.—Misses Anna and Victoria Pool, of Newbegun, are visiting Mrs. Judge Pool on Lawrence street.

The Carolinian Believes:

In justice and fair play;
That in the end they both do pay.
That two wrongs never make one right.

The Carolinian Has Found:

That the less a man knows the greater his prejudice.
That Life is the best school, and Conscience the best guide.

If you intend to travel either for pleasure or profit protect yourself against the changes of diet and water by having with you Laxador, the great regulator, and use it in time to prevent the disorders usually resulting from such changes.

Kinddess, if nothing stronger should induce any one to use Dr Bull's Baby Syrup for the relief of the diseases babies are subject to. Price 25 cents.

A Democratic Assertion Contradicted.

Boston Journal

Apropos of the Democratic assertion that the recent local elections in the West are proofs that the farmers are turning away from the Republican party it is interesting to note that in Indiana the Democracy made its gains in the cities, while the Republican gains were in the rural districts. This little fact makes havoc with another Democratic theory.

Is Consumption Incurable?

Read the following: Mr. C. H. Morris, Newark, Ark., says: "Was down with Abscess of Lungs and friends and physicians pronounced me an incurable consumptive. Began taking Dr King's New Discovery for Consumption, am now on my third bottle and able to oversee the work on my farm. It is the finest medicine ever made."

Jesse Modlewart, Decatur, Ohio says: "Had it not been for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption I would have died of Lung Troubles Was given up by doctors. Am now in best of health." Try it. Sample bottles free at A. Wadsworth's drug store.

FOR DYSPEPSIA
Use Brown's Iron Bitters.
Physicians recommend it.
All dealers keep it. $1.00 per bottle. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

CONSUMPTION SURELY CURED.
To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my medicine FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and postoffice address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C. 181 Pearl St. New York.

—*TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.*—

Norfolk Southern Railroad.

SCHEDULE TAKES EFFECT, FEBY 20, 1890

Mail and Express (Southbound), daily, except Sundays, leaves Elizabeth City at 11:25 A. M. Northbound, leaves at 2:25 P. M.

The Accommodation daily, except Sundays, leaves at 7:00 A. M. and returning, arrives at 9:20 P. M.

The above Trains, which are Nos 1, 2, 3 and 4, arrive and depart from the Depot of the Norfolk Western Railroad at Norfolk.

Close connections at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines.

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked between the principal stations and Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York by Bay Line and Old Dominion Steamers and N. Y. P. and N. R. R., from Norfolk, and between Norfolk and Washington, Plymouth, Williamston, Windsor and Jamesville.

K. KING, General Manager

EASTERN CAROLINA DESPATCH.
FAST FREIGHT LINE.

Regular line of Steamers between Atlantic and North Carolina R. R., Newberne, Washington and Elizabeth City,

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Despatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk Southern R. Road; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President street station; Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street Station; New York by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 77 North river.

T. SELBY HARNEY,
Elizabeth City, N. C. Agent.

Norfolk & North Carolina Canal Co.,

The Norfolk & North Carolina Canal will admit sharp built vessels drawing five feet water; lighter-built vessels, four feet.

The Locks will admit vessels 90 feet and 16½ breadth of beam.

Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binder, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to the satisfaction of the Canal authorities.

Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from the Office at Norfolk.

Vessels over 90 feet length and over 15 feet beams (the dimensions called for by the Charter) navigate the Canal at their own risk.

HENRY ROBERT Superintend't.

Ho! you sleepers! Rub your peepers, Open wide each eye. 0——0 0——0 0——0 Don't be creepers, Bargain reapers, Now's the time to buy.

Right this Way for Bargains.

Don't be backward in coming forward, and don't fall over yourselves in the rush. We are no robbers; so we won't hold you up. Don't let anybody hold you down. What do we mean? We mean that it's about time for everybody to know that we're on deck again with

A Superb Stock of Winter Goods.

Goods which everybody will want, when the merits of our stock is understood. Our stock is like a baby; for it's all new. It's like a fat man for it's awful big. It's like a beautiful woman, for it has lots of style. It's like a millionaire, for it's worth lots of money. It's like high-toned women, because it has quality.

LOVE AT FIRST SIGHT

must be the fate of everyone who gazes on these goods; not only because they are handsome but because they are cheap in every sense of the word. Nobody CAN beat us on stock. Nobody SHALL beat us on price. Buy where you like, but see our stock before you buy. It'll be money in your pockets and in ours too; for you want the best and cheapest and we have it.
Groceries, Hardware, China, Glassware, Rope, Twine, Paints, Oil, Hay, Lime, &c., &c.
AGENTS FOR "NEW LEE" COOK STOVES.

ROBINSON & Co.,
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

"Ours Has Been a Hard Fight."
"But by Industry and Perseverance,"
"Honesty and Fair Dealings,"

We have achieved a glorious victory. We now have one of the largest and handsomest rooms in the State, and it is well filled for our business, which grows larger each year, and this has not been accomplished by adopting the same name, tags on brands, that other merchants have established a demand for

—"*We Originate and do not Imitate,*"—

And expect our reward by our own exertions and by keeping the LARGEST AND BEST STOCK to be found in the City, consisting of

Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Hardware, Paints, Oils, Ship Chandlery, Hay, Lime, Cement, &c

Always glad to see you. Quotations cheerfully given by mail or by wire. We guarantee lowest prices consistent with best quality.

J. B. FLORA.
Elizabeth City, - - N. C

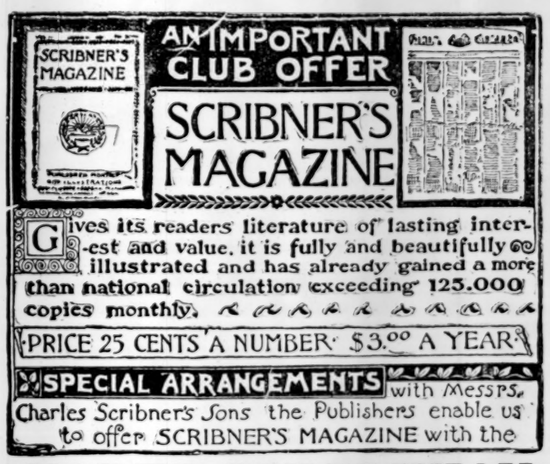
FOWLER & CO.,
Have In Their
Spring Stock,
CALL!

Furniture, Wares and Stationery.

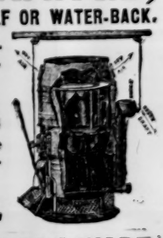
I have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of
Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery, Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glassware, Wall-paper, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Glass, &c., &c.

Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES! Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low,
—If You Want to Save Money Call and See Me.—

P. W. MELICK,
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C


SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE
AN IMPORTANT CLUB OFFER
SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE
Gives its readers literature of lasting interest and value, it is fully and beautifully illustrated and has already gained a more than national circulation exceeding 125,000 copies monthly.
PRICE 25 CENTS A NUMBER $3.00 A YEAR
SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS with Messrs. Charles Scribner's Sons the Publishers enable us to offer SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE with the
NORTH CAROLINIAN,
At the low combination price of $4 for both. Address PALEMON JOHN, Elizabeth City, N. C.

PERFECTION -IN-
BAKING, COOKING and ROASTING.
—BY THE USE OF THE FAMOUS—
OTHELLO RANGE,
WITH OR WITHOUT RESERVOIR, HIGH SHELF OR WATER-BACK.

YOU Can heat your house thoroughly, HEALTHFULLY and ECONOMICALLY with the
TORRID STEEL DRUM FURNACE.

Those who use the TORRID always praise it. Send for FURNACE BOOK giving heating capacity and prices.
ORR PAINTER & CO., READING, PA.

INDURATED FIBRE WARE.
ABSOLUTELY ONE PIECE!
HAS NO HOOPS!
NEITHER PAINTED OR VARNISHED!
NOT AFFECTED BY HOT WATER!
HAS APPEARANCE OF POLISHED MAHOGANY.
PAILS, TUBS, BASINS, PANS, KEELERS, SPITTOONS, SLOP-JARS, WATER-COOLERS, REFRIGERATORS, &c., &c.
LARGE VARIETY OF GOODS.
CORDLEY & HAYES, New York, Sole Agents.
Factories: Portland, Me., Peterboro, N. H., Watertown, Mass., Oswego, N. Y., Lockport, N. Y., Cleveland, Ohio, Winona, Minn.
FOR SALE BY ALL HOUSE-FURNISHING, HARDWARE, GROCERY AND CROCKERY DEALERS.
FULL PRICE LIST AND CATALOGUE FREE ON APPLICATION

FREE TO LADIES ONLY! A SURE REMEDY FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY
HARRIS' SEMINAL PASTILLES,
A Radical Cure for Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness and Physical Decay in Young or Middle Aged Men. Tested for Eight Years in many thousand cases they absolutely restore premature and broken down men to the full enjoyment of perfect and full Manly Strength and Vigorous Health.
To those who suffer from the many obscure diseases brought about by Indiscretion, Exposure, Over-Brain Work, or too free Indulgence, we ask that you send us your name with statement of your trouble, and secure TRIAL PACKAGE FREE with Illust'd Pamphlet &c.
RUPTURED PERSONS can have FREE Trial of our Appliance.
NERVOUS DEBILITY
FOR BOTH SEXES
HARRIS REMEDY CO.
200½ N. Tenth Street,

TRIAL PACKAGE FREE
Over Ten Thousand Packages used. Is to introduce it into homes where it is not known. Sent to any address in plain wrapper. Contains a SURE REMEDY that has NEVER FAILED in a single instance to restore perfect manhood when the directions are followed. Cures Nervousness, Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nocturnal Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Impediments to Marriage, Exhaustion caused by Self-Abuse or Excesses and Indiscretion of Youth. Does not interfere with attention to business, or cause pain or inconvenience in any way. Founded on scientific medical principles. By direct application to the seat of disease in specific influence it is felt without delay. The sexual functions of the human organism restored. The wasted nerve cells are given back, the patient becomes cheerful and rapidly gains both strength and health.
TREATMENT.—One Month, $1. Two Mos. $2. Three, $3.
HARRIS REMEDY CO., Chemists,
200½ N. Tenth Street,

Only $20. FAVORITE SINGER.

High Arm $35.00
Drop leaf, fancy cover, large drawers, nickel rings, full line attachments. Sent on trial. Buy of Manufacturers to get new machines. Warranted 5 years.
CO-OPERATIVE SEWING MACHINE CO.
209 S. 11th St. Philadelphia, Pa.
We Pay Freight.

DREW'S YEAST POWDER
Superior to all Substitutes for raising and making Light, Delectable Biscuits, Bread, Tea Cakes, Pies, Muffins, Waffles, Johnny Cake, Corn Bread, Short Cake, Pot Pies, Dumplings, Boiled Puddings and Buckwheats. 8 pound cans 5 cents. Sold by Country Merchants.
Drew Manufacturing Co., BALTIMORE, Md.

WE treat and PERMANENTLY CURE, of NO PAY, all CHRONIC DISEASES, DEFORMITIES, and SURGICAL CASES. SEXUAL DISEASES of MEN, WOMEN, and CHILDREN the results of *Imperfect Development, Evil Habits or Excesses, Opium and the Whiskey Habit.* A large and magnificent SANITARIUM and PRIVATE LYING-IN HOSPITAL in connection. *Book of Life*, with particulars for *Home Cure*, FREE. DR. PARKER'S MEDICAL & SURGICAL INSTITUTE, 151½ *North Spruce Street*, NASHVILLE, TENN.

ADVERTISERS offering to examine this paper, or obtain estimates on advertising space when in Chicago, will find it on file at 45 to 49 Randolph St., the Advertising Agency of LORD & THOMAS.

TARIFF LITERATURE FOR ALL.

The AMERICAN PROTECTIVE TARIFF LEAGUE is publishing a most valuable series of Tariff documents. These are prepared with a view to state the facts and arguments for Protection, whether in the interest of farmers, laborers, merchants or professional men. Each issue of the series appeals to those engaged in separate industries, and presents indisputable facts—comparisons of wages, cost of living, and other arguments showing the benefits of Protection.

Any single one will be sent on receipt of 2 cents in stamps except "Wages, Living and Tariff," which will be sent for 4 cents.

The whole list will be sent for 30 cents or any twelve for 20 cents, or any five for 10 cents, postage paid. Order by number.

Nos.		Pages.
1—	"Wages, Living and Tariff." E. A. HARRIMON	16
2—	"The Advantages of a Protective Tariff to the Labor and Industries of the United States." First Prize Essay, 1887. CRAWFORD D. HENNING	32
3—	Home Production Indispensable to a Supply, at Low Prices, of the Manufactured Commodities required for the People of the United States, and Adequate Home Production of these Commodities Impossible without a Protective Tariff. First Prize Essay, 1888. C. D. TOOP	32
4—	"What are Raw Materials? Would Free Raw Materials be Advantageous to the Labor and Industries of the United States." First Prize Essay, 1889. ROBERT B. DUELL	32
5—	"Fallacies of Free Trade." E. P. MILLER	24
6—	"Some Views on the Tariff by an Old Business Man." GEO. PEARCE	32
7—	"The Protective Tariff: Its Advantages for the South." C. L. EDWARDS	32
8—	"The Wool Interest." Judge WM. LAWRENCE	24
9—	"Protection vs. Free Trade."—A Historical Review. D. G. HARRIMAN	20
10—	"The Farmer and the Tariff." Col. THOMAS H. DUDLEY	16
11—	"Protection as a Public Policy." GEORGE S. BOUTWELL	16
12—	Reply to the President's Free-Trade Message." R. P. PORTER	8
13—	"Workingmen and the Tariff."	8
14—	"The Vital Question. Shall American Industries be Abandoned and American Markets Surrendered?"	8
15—	Same in German, with Addition	8
16—	"The Progress of one Hundred Years." ROBERT P. PORTER	8
17—	"Protection for American Shipping"	8
18—	"The Tariff Not a Tax." Hon. H. DWIGHT	8
19—	"Why Irishmen Should be Protectionists."	8
20—	"Protection." F. H. ANDREWS	4
21—	"What is a Tariff?" "Answers to a Workingman's Question"	4
22—	"The American Wool Industry." E. H. AMMIDOWN	8
23—	"Wages and Cost of Living." J. D. WEEKS	4
24—	"Southern Farming Industries."	4
25—	"A Short Talk to Workingmen."	2
26—	"Protection and the Farmer." Senator S. M. CULLOM	12

The AMERICAN ECONOMIST, weekly, devoted to the discussion of all phases of the Tariff question. 32 page sample copies free. Address American Protective Tariff League, 23 W. 23d St. New York.

PRINTERS' INK.
A JOURNAL FOR ADVERTISERS.
Is issued on the first and fifteenth days of each month, and is the representative journal—the trade journal of American advertisers. It indicates to the inexperienced advertiser how, when, and where he should advertise; how to write an advertisement; how to display one; what newspapers to use; how much money to expend—in fact, discourses on every point that admits of profitable discussion. Advertising is an art practised by many but understood by few. The conductors of PRINTERS' INK understand it, and their advice is based on an experience of more than twenty-five years in placing advertising contracts for many of the largest and most successful advertisers. A year's subscription costs but One Dollar; sample copies Free. Address—
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., New York.

I CURE FITS!
When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of
FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,
A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address
H. G. ROOT, M.C., 183 PEARL ST., NEW YORK

scope. The following cut gives the appearance of it reduced to about the fiftieth part of its bulk. It is a grand, double size telescope, as large as any ever sold for $10. Any one may have one free, postpaid, from the start, without a cent of expense. Better write at once. Write plainly. Address, H. HALLETT & CO., Box 2500, PORTLAND, MAINE.

$85 Solid Gold Watch FREE
Over Ten Thousand Packages used. Is to introduce it into homes where it is not known. Sent to any address in plain wrapper. Contains a SURE REMEDY that has NEVER FAILED in a single instance to restore perfect manhood when the directions are followed. Cures Nervousness, Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nocturnal Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Impediments to Marriage, Exhaustion caused by Self-Abuse or Excesses and Indiscretion of Youth. Does not interfere with attention to business, or cause pain or inconvenience in any way. Founded on scientific medical principles. By direct application to the seat of disease in specific influence it is felt without delay. The sexual functions of the human organism restored. The wasted nerve cells are given back, the patient becomes cheerful and rapidly gains both strength and health.
One Person in each locality can secure one free, together with our special and valuable Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, we send Free. After you have kept them in your home for 3 months and shown them to those who may have called, if you choose to sell your property, you may remit us the $12 and we will send you the Watch and Samples. Write for circulars, terms, etc. Address Stinson & Co., Box 412, Portland, Maine.

Agents Wanted FOR CORPORAL SI KLEGG AND HIS PARD
It beats them all. No book like it. Everybody wants it, 250 illustrations. Humorous, Pathetic, Fascinating. Hundreds of dollars to hustlers. Old and young buy, also thousands of G. A. R. and Sons of Veterans. One agent has ordered over 700 books. Another made $82 in 4 days, another took 3 orders in 1 hour. Sun in U. S. A. Best. Choose territory at once. 24 attractive illustrations free with circulars and terms. Write
"Rally There"
N. C. Hamilton & Co., Publishers, 322 Superior Street, Cleveland, O.

QUADRUPLE HANGING.

Four Men Ascend the Gallows in a Day in Pennsylvania.

Scenes on the Scaffolds and Particulars of the Crimes.

Four murderers—William Bartholomew, Alfred Andrews, Zach Taylor and Charle Carter—were hanged the other day in a many different towns in Pennsylvania. Details of the executions, and of the crime for which the four men suffered capital punishment are given below:

William Bartholomew, at Easton.

William Bartholomew was hanged at Easton for the murder of Aaron W. Dilliard. The drop fell at 10:34 o'clock.

Bartholomew walked quietly to the scaffold, but after reaching it became violent, and cursed his accusers and his accomplice, Mrs. Dilliard, demanding that the latter be hanged. His last words were oaths. A few moments after the drop fell Bartholomew was pronounced dead, and the body was turned over to his friends. Early in the morning religious services were held in Bartholomew's cell, but he refused to join in them.

The crime for which William Bartholomew was executed was the cold-blooded murder of his friend Aaron W. Dilliard on Friday September 6, 1889, after having led his wife astray.

The preparations were made with a coolness Bartholomew unfolding his plans to Mrs. Dilliard. At first she would not listen to him, but finally he persuaded her to play her part in the terrible crime. Bartholomew decoyed Dilliard into the road at midnight and riddled him with shot.

Zach Taylor at Waynesburg.

Zach Taylor was hanged at Waynesburg at 11:12 o'clock in the forenoon.

In a speech on the scaffold he said he was an innocent man, that he never saw the man who was murdered, and that he was going home to Jesus. After religious services Taylor shackled his own ankles. He bade and kissed all present good-bye. When all was ready at 11:12 he dropped the handkerchief as a signal to spring the trap. The fall was three feet, and his neck was broken. His body was cofined and taken to his home in Masontown, Fayette County.

On Saturday, September 10, 1887, William McCausland, a well-to-do stock dealer of Allegany County, was murdered in Cumberland township, Green County. A revolver bearing the initials "J. T. C." was found beside McCausland, and was the clew which led to the arrest of John T. Clark and Zach Taylor. At the trial, George Clark and Zach Taylor were found guilty. George Clark was resputed half a dozen times, but was hanged February 26.

Charles Carter at Ebensburg.

Charles Carter, the murderer of John Matthews, was hanged in the county jail at Ebensburg at 1:50 o'clock in the afternoon.

Charles Carter was about twenty-two years old, a native of Richmond, Va., and was a rather good-looking colored man. He had a very bad reputation and came from a family of criminals. His brother, Jesse Carter, was hanged in Allegheny County several years ago for the murder of a man of the name of Foster.

Another brother is now serving a term in the Western Penitentiary for killing a man two years ago. The murder for which Charles Carter was hanged was committed in November, 1889, in Johnstown, in the house of John H. Roberts, also colored. Roberts was married to a white woman.

Carter and his victim, Matthews, became infatuated with Emma Dunn, a white girl who was also a frequent visitor at the Roberts house. Carter and Matthews quarrelled about the girl. Carter shot Matthews through the breast killing him.

Alfred Andrews at Bellefonte.

Alfred Andrews was hanged at Bellefonte for the killing of Clara Price. The drop fell at 11:03.

It was just 10:45 o'clock when the march to the scaffold began. The prisoner was entirely self-possessed. When on the scaffold he read the fifteenth chapter of Romans, and exhorted all present to forsake their sins and meet him in heaven. He then prayed and bade all good-bye.

Andrews's neck was not broken by the fall, but he died from strangulation. About 500 persons witnessed the execution. The crime for which Alfred Andrews was hanged was the murder of Clara Price, sixteen years old, the daughter of respectable and well-to-do parents, living at Karthaus, Centre County, on November 27, 1889. All of the evidence at the trial was circumstantial. After conviction by the jury, Andrews voluntarily confessed his guilt.

EX-BOOMER COUCH SHOT.

He Was the First Mayor of Oklahoma City.

Captain W. L. Couch, ex-Mayor of Oklahoma City and the renowned leader of the Oklahoma boomers for years, is contestant for a valuable claim west of Oklahoma City on which J. C. Adams had filed. The other afternoon Couch and his son began setting fence posts on the claim, when Adams appeared and ordered them to cease. A quarrel ensued, when Couch seized Adams, disarmed him and began using his revolver on him. Couch was a poor shot and Adams was unharmed. Adams went to his house, secured his Winchester and shot Couch in the left leg, breaking both bones and probably necessitating amputation. Adams at once swore out a warrant before United States Commissioner Scott for the arrest of Couch and his son. The Couches went to Commissioner Monroe and swore out a warrant for Adams for attempted murder. All were arrested and put under bonds.

An Indian burial place discovered in May, 1888, near the Winthrop Centre depot, in Winthrop, Mass., is being excavated by Professor Putnam and his assistants of Harvard College. Several skulls and one whole skeleton have thus far been found.

Purify Your Blood

At the coming of spring the blood should be purified, as impurities which have been accumulating for months or even years, are liable to manifest themselves and seriously affect the health. Hood's Sarsaparilla is undoubtedly the best blood purifier. It expels every taint of impurity, drives out scrofulous humors and germs of disease, and gives to the blood the quality and tone essential to good health.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

"My daughter suffered terribly with sore eyes, caused by scrofula humor. We were obliged to keep her out of school for two years. We had medical attendance, but she failed to gain relief. At last, knowing that Hood's Sarsaparilla had cured my mother of rheumatism, and believing it must be good for the blood, I concluded to have my daughter try it, and it has entirely cured her."—CORNELIUS YEAGER, 412 East Main Street, Marshalltown, Iowa.

Purifies the Blood

"Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured me of salt rheum, which I have had for years. I do think it is a splendid medicine. I am 40 years of age and my skin is just as smooth and fair as a piece of glass."—MRS. LILLA CLARK, South Norwalk, Conn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

A representation of the engraving on our wrappers.—RADWAY & CO. NEW YORK.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

A FARMER near Egg Harbor City, N. J., burned his house and died in the flames. He was crazed by the foreclosure and sale of his property.

FIRE has destroyed the homestead built by Horace Greeley at Chappaqua, N. Y., forty years ago, and occupied by him until his death, in 1872, at the close of his unsuccessful campaign for the Presidency.

THE returns from the election in Rhode Island showed that the choice of State officers would be left to the Grand Committee of the Legislature.

THE New York Chamber of Commerce passed resolutions condemning the Chinese exclusion legislation as a violation of the Chinese treaty of 1880.

EDWARD SYLVESTER, Charles Mason, and Harry Williams, three noted counterfeiters, have been arrested in Buffalo, N. Y. They had a number of counterfeit dollars in their possession.

THE first Connecticut River shad reported has been caught at Windsor, forty miles above the mouth of the river.

THE passenger station and freight depot at Roxbury, N. J., have been burned.

ANTRIM OSBORNE, a retired and well known manufacturer of Rose Valley, Penn., was run over by a locomotive and killed.

EX-STATE SENATOR EDWARD J. SLATTERY, of South Framingham, Mass., received a letter from the "White Caps of Massachusetts" ordering him to leave the State forthwith or suffer the consequences.

TWELVE election officers of Jersey City, N. J., were arrested for connection with the ballot box frauds, and warrants were issued for forty-eight more.

THE Dittmar dynamite works at Baychester, N. Y., blew up, killing J. H. Kelmeir and Max Shultz, and shattering window panes for miles around.

ENGINEER POTTER and three other trainmen were buried in a landslide on the tracks of the West Shore Railroad at Diefendorf Hill, N. Y., and all were instantly killed.

THE rolling mill of the Johnson Forge Company and two dwellings adjoining were destroyed by fire at Wilmington, Del. The loss was estimated at $400,000.

GEORGE K. SISTARE'S SONS, Stock Exchange brokers in New York city, announced their suspension because of a defalcation amounting to about $300,000 on the part of Douglass Hilger, managing partner in charge of the Philadelphia branch of the firm.

REFEREE MEEKS went to the Tombs in New York city to serve the thirty days for which he was sentenced for his participation in the Sheriff Flack divorce proceedings.

FREDERICK KIMBALL, teller of the People's Savings Bank of Worcester, Mass., has absconded with about $40,000 of the bank's funds.

ORESTES CLEVELAND was re-elected Mayor of Jersey City, N. J., for the sixth time by a greatly reduced majority.

South and West.

WILL HICKS and Robert McCoy, both colored, were hanged at Homerville, Ga., for the murder of William Hughes and wife, an aged white couple, on November 6 last.

THE arrest of the murderers of the railroad station agent at Poseyville, Ind., led to revelations that a gang of murderers contemplated the destruction of the town by fire and the murder of several of its inhabitants.

THE house of Wilhelm Brown, near Huron, South Dakota, was burned, and his three children perished in the flames.

ONE of the worst storms that ever visited Dallas, Texas, raged in that neighborhood. All the water courses were over their banks, and many bridges were swept away. The crops were badly damaged.

A LIVELY contest occurred among the stockholders of the World's Fair in Chicago over the election of directors.

A WHIRLWIND struck Monmouth, Ill., sweeping over the principal portion of the city. Part of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy round-house was blown down. Several buildings were damaged and their roofs blown away.

PROFESSOR CYRUS, Principal of the schools in Huntingdon, W. Va., was about to punish a boy named Ernest Welsh for misbehavior, when Welsh drew a knife and stabbed Cyrus in six places in the arms, chest and back.

A HUNDRED Northern born citizens met at the Chamber of Commerce in Atlanta, Ga., and took preliminary steps toward the organization of a Northern society.

GOVERNMENT boats have been busily engaged in taking the people and stock from the overflowed districts of the Mississippi. Another break was reported in the levee near Greenville. This time it was at Catfish Point, and the water added greatly to that already in the Yazoo Delta. Railroad travel was much impeded.

THE Sioux held their last council on the old reservation in South Dakota.

GEORGE E. NOONAN and wife, of Chicago, Ill., have died from the effects of poison, placed in their food by a demented servant girl.

EAGLE HORSE, a crazy Indian, shot and killed at Rushville, Neb., Frank E. Lewis, a Government school teacher, and then committed suicide.

THREE colored thieves were killed in Birmingham, Ala., for resisting arrest and fatally shooting an officer.

THE town marshal of Irondale, Ala., was shot by three colored thieves whom he tried to arrest; the colored men were killed by his deputy.

BETWEEN 5000 and 6000 Chicago carpenters struck for eight hours a day and forty cents an hour. Building operations were practically stopped.

CONFEDERATE DECORATION DAY attracted thousands of visitors to the Southern cemeteries.

ELECTIONS for municipal officers were held in all the cities and towns of Ohio. A light vote was polled in nearly every city.

MOSES FRALEY, the greatest grain speculator in St. Louis, has failed. His losses in St. Louis and Chicago are over $500,000.

AT Harlan Court House, in Kentucky, the Spurlocks, Days and others involved in the Howard-Turner feud, held a conference and agreed to lay aside their quarrel. They agreed that in case of any further assassinations both sides should turn out and bring the murderer to punishment.

IN consequence of the inundation of machinery at the city waterworks a water famine was prevalent at Dallas, Texas. There was no water to sprinkle the streets or to run electric street lights, and for several nights the city was in darkness.

THIRTY cases of trichinosis have been reported to the health authorities in Aurora, Ill. Six of the cases reported resulted from the eating of bologna sausage.

E. B. PURCELL, proprietor of the Manhattan (Kan.) Bank, has made an assignment. The doors of the bank were closed. The liabilities are $561,000.

NINETEEN prisoners have escaped from the jail at Spokane Falls, Washington. The jailer was bound and gagged by four of the prisoners.

ALL the successful candidates at the Edgerton (Kan.) election—The Mayor, Police Judge and five "Councilmen"—are women.

Washington.

THE President has approved the act to amend the act providing for taking the eleventh and subsequent censuses.

THE House Judiciary Committee appointed a sub-committee to investigate alleged corrupt acts of Federal Court officers in the South.

THE House Judiciary Committee has voted to report an amendment to the Constitution providing for the election of United States Senators directly by the people.

THE House Committee on Naval Affairs has directed a favorable report on the McAdoo bill to prevent the enlistment of aliens in the navy.

THE Treasury Department has sustained the appeal of John Wanamaker from the decision of the Collector of Customs at Philadelphia, assessing duty at the rates of forty-five and fifty per cent. ad valorem on certain so-called bead ornaments.

THE Senate has confirmed the following nominations: G. B. Patterson, Attorney for the Southern District of Florida; Clarence D. Clark, Associate Judge of the Supreme Court of Wyoming; John C. Mitchell, Pension Agent at Columbus, Ohio; Edward H. Harvey, Pension Agent at Detroit; Charles S. Kelsey, Indian Agent at Green Bay Agency.

PRESIDENT HARRISON has nominated Brigadier-General Nelson A. Miles to be Major-General. Colonel Benjamin H. Grierson, Tenth Cavalry, was also nominated to be Brigadier-General.

THE nomination of General Lewis A. Grant, of Minneapolis, Minn., to be Assistant Secretary of War, was sent to the Senate by President Harrison.

IT has been definitely announced in Washington that James S. Clarkson, First Assistant Postmaster-General, would retire from his place on June 1.

THE House Committee on Pensions ordered a favorable report on the Brookshire bill, granting a pension to Mrs. Delia T. S. Parnell, daughter of the late Admiral Charles Stewart and mother of Charles Stewart Parnell. The original bill, which provided for a pension of $100 her month, was amended so as to reduce the pension to $50.

THE House Committee on Elections has appointed a sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. Lacey, Cooper, Bergen, Outhwaite, and Wilson, of Missouri, to visit Arkansas immediately and collect testimony relative to the contested election case of Clayton against Breckinridge, and the alleged assassination of Clayton.

THE Secretary of the Navy issued an advertisement for proposals for the construction of three naval vessels—an armored cruiser, a protected cruiser and a naval academy practice ship.

REPRESENTATIVE W. H. H. COWLES, of North Carolina, received a telegram in Washington announcing that his young son had been killed at a North Carolina college, by the accidental discharge of a pistol. The news was communicated to the father by Senators Ransom and Vance and he was almost overcome.

PRESIDENT and Mrs. Harrison gave their third State dinner at the White House in Washington, and the Justices of the Supreme Court were the guests of honor. It was the largest dinner of the series. Covers were laid for fifty guests and the spread of linen and flowers was the prettiest of the season.

Foreign.

A PRELIMINARY sitting of the International Industrial Conference was held at Madrid, Spain. Senor Moret was elected President.

THE State Treasurer of the Canton of Ticino, Switzerland, has been arrested on the charge of embezzling 1,000,000 francs.

A FIRE at Santiago de Cuba, in the building occupied by the Chamber of Commerce, resulted in the destruction of a dry goods store and its contents, and the burning to death of two white women and a colored girl.

A SLAVE dhow has been captured on the African coast by the British warship Sultan.

JAMES LEE, Charge d'Affaires of the United States in Brazil, has presented General Deodoro da Fonseca, the President, with the congratulatory motion adopted by the United States Congress and approved by President Harrison.

AFTER a chase of two years Detective Pinkerton has arrested in Spanish Honduras Edmund Sturgis Crawford, who stole a package of $41,000 in bills sent by the American Exchange Bank, of New York city, to the Adams Express Company. Crawford confessed and implicated others.

A REVOLUTION has broken out near Ignala, in the State of Guerrero, Mexico, the Government of which is unpopular.

THE British expedition recently sent out against the Somalis, East Africa, having failed to accomplish its naission, another expedition has been started.

NEGOTIATIONS looking to the withdrawal of British troops from Egypt have begun between England and Turkey.

THE Emperor of China, accompanied by Li Hung Chang, the Chinese Grand Chancellor, and a retinue numbering 10,000 persons, has started on a visit to the Eastern Mausolea.

GENERAL CHINCHILLA, the new Captain-General of Cuba, has arrived in Havana.

THE French Government has ordered the construction of thirty torpedo boats in private yards.

MAJOR SERPA PINTO, the Portuguese African explorer, has started for Lisbon.

THE American Consul at Plauen, Germany, has been robbed in a hotel of jewels valued at $5000.

SIX persons were drowned at Kleinlunfenburg, on the Rhine, Germany, through the capsizing of a boat.

PRINCE BISMARCK has been granted a pension of $6750. He has disposed of the diamonds in his St. Andrew's cross and his Russian decorations to a jeweler for $50,000.

EMPEROR MENELEK, of Abyssinia, has written a letter to Prime Minister Crispi authorizing Italy to represent him at the Brussels Anti-Slavery Congress, and affirming the intention of Ethiopia to follow the example of civilized Christian nations and to repress the slave trade.

RICHARD DAVIES, who, together with his younger brother George, was sentenced to death for the murder of their father, has been hanged at Crewe, England. George Davies was respited by the Home Secretary a few days ago.

A MEETING of representative workmen was held at Olten, Switzerland. Two hundred and forty-seven delegates, representing 120,000 workmen in various trades and callings, were present.

MISS ETTIE SCAREY, aged seventeen years, and Miss Tyes Huffman, aged nineteen, were crossing the river in a small boat at Dresden, Canada, accompanied by a young man named Charles Hart, when the boat was swamped and the young ladies were drowned.

JUNIUS MORGAN, the distinguished American banker, and the partner of George Peabody, the philanthropist, died at Monte Carlo, Italy, from the effects of injuries received in a runaway accident there. He was seventy-seven years old.

A RIOT of striking and unemployed workmen in Vienna assumed serious proportions and was only quelled by the military after several persons had been wounded.

A KENTUCKY VENDETTA.

One Faction Was Flying Along on a Train—A Remarkable Story.

William Barnes and Kelly Day were instantly killed while on a train at Chambers station, near Lexington, Ky. George Stevens was fatally wounded. In 1880 John Stevens, a citizen of Powell County, was murdered by William Barnes, a neighbor. Barnes got a life sentence. He was pardoned last spring. Albert Barnes, a brother-in-law to John Stevens, has a wife of unsavory character. The neighbors said she and William Barnes have been unduly intimate since the latter's return from prison. Albert swore vengeance. For some time he has been working at Chambers Station, fifteen miles east of Mt. Sterling, on the railroad cutting.

Will Barnes and his son armed themselves and boarded the west-bound passenger train twelve miles east of Chambers. It was believed by them that they would be attacked at the latter station by Albert and his friends, among whom was George Stevens, brother to the murdered John. Sure enough they were waiting for Barnes and his son. As the train rushed by the station at full speed Albert and his seven men, part of them stationed on either side of the road, fired rapidly into the car containing the men they sought to destroy. The latter stood up and shot fast into their foes.

In two seconds the fight was over. William Barnes had three bullet holes in his head. Kelly Day was shot under the chin, but the bullet ranged upward and went into his brain. George Stevens of the attacking party was also observed to fall as if mortally shot while the firing was taking place.

This tragedy is likely to provoke another Kentucky vendetta.

THE New Jersey State Board of Assessors, in a compilation of railroad statistics, place the total length of track in the United States on January 1st, 1890, at 161,081 miles.

THE MARKETS.

15 NEW YORK.			
Beeves	4 00	@	5 00
Milch Cows, com. to good	25 00	@	45 00
Calves, common to prime	2 00	@	4 40
Sheep	3 25	@	7 75
Lambs	5 00	@	7 00
Hogs—Live	4 40	@	4 75
Dressed	4¾	@	7
Flour—City Mill Extra	4 25	@	4 45
Patents	4 75	@	5 15
Wheat—No. 2 Red	88¾	@	89¼
Rye—State	58	@	59
Barley—Two-rowed State	47	@	48
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	34½	@	41
Oats—No. 1 White	—	@	34
Mixed Western	28	@	32
Hay—No. 1	80	@	85
Straw—Long Rye	—	@	85
Lard—City Steam	—	@	6 00c
Butter—State Creamery	18	@	20
Dairy, fair to good	13	@	19
West. Im. Creamery	8	@	15
Factory	6	@	14
Cheese—State Factory	8½	@	11½
Skims—Light	2	@	10
Western	8	@	10¾
Eggs—State and Penn	—	@	11½
BUFFALO.			
Steers—Western	2 15	@	4 80
Sheep—Medium to Good	5 90	@	6 10
Lambs—Fair to Good	6 75	@	7 20
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks	4 50	@	4 55
Flour—Family	5 00	@	5 25
Wheat—No. 2 Northern	—	@	89
Corn—No. 3, Yellow	36¾	@	37
Oats—No. 2, White	30	@	30¼
Barley—No. 1 Canada	64	@	65
BOSTON.			
Flour—Spring Wheat Pat's	5 00	@	5 50
Corn—Steamer Yellow	40¾	@	42¾
Oats—No. 2 White	31	@	35
Rye—State	58	@	60
WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.			
Beef—Dressed weight	5	@	6½
Sheep—Live weight	5	@	6¾
Lambs	6¼	@	6¾
Hogs—Northern	—	@	5¾
PHILADELPHIA.			
Flour—Penn. family	3 30	@	3 50
Wheat—No. 2, Red, April	86	@	86¾
Corn—No. 2, Mixed, April	37	@	37¾
Oats—Ungraded White	—	@	32
Potatoes—Rose	88	@	1 00
Butter—Creamery Extra	20	@	21
Cheese—Part skims	7	@	8½

MADE A MAJOR-GENERAL.

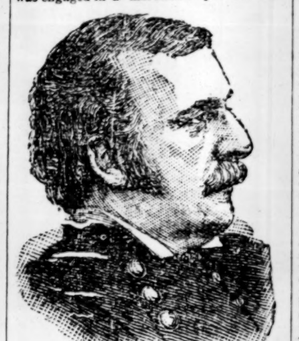
Nelson A. Miles Promoted to Succeed General Crook.

A Civilian Who Became a Noted Indian Fighter.

Brigadier-General Nelson A. Miles has been promoted to be Major-General, to succeed Major-General Crook, deceased.

General Miles, who was in Washington at the time of his promotion, was the recipient of hearty congratulations. In company with Major-General Schofield, General Miles called on Secretary Proctor and thanked him for his promotion.

General Nelson Appleton Miles was born in Westminister, Mass., August 8, 1839. He was engaged in a mercantile pursuit when



MAJOR-GENERAL NELSON A. MILES.

the war broke out, and on September 9, 1861, entered the volunteer service as Lieutenant in the Twenty-second Massachusetts Infantry. He was afterward commissioned Lieutenant-Colonel of the Sixty-first New York Volunteers. He was engaged in the battles of the Peninsula, before Richmond, and at Antietam, and after the latter battle was made Colonel of the regiment. With the exception of the surrender of Lee at Appomattox Court House he was engaged in all the battles of the Potomac, and was wounded three times. For gallantry at Chancellorsville he was brevetted Brigadier-General of Volunteers, and on May 12, 1864, was advanced to the full rank for other gallant services. In August of the same year he was brevetted Major-General of Volunteers. On October 21, 1865, he was commissioned Major-General and mustered out the following September, having just received an appointment in the regular army as Colonel of the Fortieth Infantry.

In 1875, after being transferred to the Fifth Infantry, he defeated the Cheyenne, Kiowa and Comanche Indians at Slater Plains, and in 1876 subjugated the Sioux and other Indians in Montana, driving Sitting Bull across the Canadian frontier, and breaking up the bands led by him. A third exploit of remarkable skill and success was his defeat and capture of the Nez Perce band of Chief Joseph just as the long retreat of that able warrior promised to result in his escape across the northern border. In 1878 Colonel Miles defeated and captured a band of Bannocks. He was commissioned Brigadier-General of the United States Army on December 15, 1880, and commanded for five years the Department of Columbia. In July, 1885, he was assigned to the command of the Department of the Missouri, and in April, 1886, was transferred to Arizo at where he accomplished the surrender of the Apache scourge, Chief Geronimo. Various Western Legislatures passed votes of thanks to General Miles for ridding the frontier of this scourge, and the citizens of Arizona presented him with a sword.

While already the third officer in rank in the army, General Miles, in the ordinary course of events, will before many years be the first, as General Howard retires in 1894, leaving General Miles to succeed General Schofield as commander of the army on the latter's retirement in 1895. His career during the last thirty years has certainly been most remarkable, carrying him, as it has, through a series of brilliant and memorable achievements from civil life up to his present high rank.

LATER NEWS.

JAMES MONROE SHELLENBERGER, of Doylestown, Penn., a lawyer, is a defaulter and a fugitive from justice. The amount of spurious judgments, straw mortgages and worthless notes he has sent out is estimated at from $40,000 to $50,000.

A VIOLENT rain storm caused damaging floods in Western Pennsylvania. At West Elizabeth two children of George Beattie, a boy and girl, were drowned on their way to school. The Conemaugh River and Stony Creek were again on a "high" and the lower portions of Johnstown were under water.

A CAVE-IN at Mayville, Penn., swallowed up two houses in the heart of the village.

THE Bank of Fort Morgan, Col., has made an assignment. Assets are placed at $40,000, with liabilities of over $20,000. Cashier Bartlett has disappeared.

JOHN MURRAY and William Travers were drowned by the capsizing of a boat in a gale near the mouth of Norton Creek, Md.

GEORGE FIELDS (colored) has been hanged at Scranton, Miss., for the murder of Jennie Moseley, a colored woman.

THE blast house of the Crozier furnace at Roanoke, Va., was blown down by a cyclone, killing Fred Phillips, Nelson Johnson and Henry Casey.

C. P. HUNTINGTON was chosen President of the Southern Pacific Railroad to succeed Senator Stanford.

NEARLY seventy-five per cent. of the whole crop in the counties of Cook, Grayson, Collin, Denton, Wise and Montague, Texas, has been destroyed by insects.

THE President has sent to the Senate the following nominations: James C. Kerr, of Delaware, to be Post Chaplain in the Army; Samuel A. Harper to be United States Attorney for the Western District of Wisconsin.

A RAILWAY train went over an embankment at Frankfort, Germany, and twenty-seven workmen were injured.

A LETTER dated January 20th has been received at Zanzibar from Dr. Peters, the noted African explorer, who was reported to have been murdered.

THE Canadian Government has decided to renew the modus vivendi with the United States for another year.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

THE Cherokee strip has been cleared of boomers.

THE French Senate and Chamber of Deputies have adjourned.

A RUPTURE of the peaceful relations between Servia and Bulgaria is threatened.

THE grand church at Apeldoorn, Holland, adjacent to the royal palace, has been burned to the ground.

THE Pan-American Conference has recommended the establishment of an international monetary union.

A MEDICAL college for Chinese has been established at Hong Kong, and is doing good work in instructing the native students in medicine.

THE indications are that the South Carolina rice crop will be the largest made in many years. The winter was very favorable to the planters.

EMPEROR WILLIAM, of Germany, will, within the next few months, hold conferences with Queen Victoria, the Czar and King Humbert.

THE Sultan of Turkey has decided to repress the lawlessness of the Kurds in Armenia by establishing strong garrisons throughout that country.

THE Governor of Palestine recently inaugurated the work of building the proposed railway from Jerusalem to Joppa, in the presence of nearly the entire population.

COLONEL TERILLON, the French commander in Dahomey, West Africa, has dislodged the native troops from their positions on the river Oueme, inflicting heavy losses on them.

PRAIRIE fires have been raging in southwestern Colorado down to the Kansas border, and 1,000,000 acres have been devastated. There were no facilities for fighting the fire.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

75TH DAY.—The House amendments to the Senate bill for a zoological park in the District of Columbia were laid before the Senate. After considerable discussion the amendments were non-concurred in and a conference asked.... The following Senate bills were taken from the calendar and passed: Appropriating $75,000 for a public building at Aurora, Ill.; appropriating $100,000 for a public building at Leadville, Col.... On motion of Mr. Hale, the House bill to amend the Census law by providing for the enumeration of the Chinese population was taken from the calendar and read, with the amendments reported by the Committee on the Census. Mr. Evarts suggested that the bill should be allowed to go over for three days, and Mr. Hale assented to the suggestion.... The Montana contest was debated.... Mr. Ingalls was elected President pro tem.

76TH DAY.—The Edmunds bill, providing for an inspection of meats for exportation and prohibiting the importation of adulterated articles of food and drink, was passed.... By request, Mr. Ingalls introduced a bill providing for a system of banking by the United States, proposed by the Wageworkers' Alliance.... The House bill to provide for town site entries of land in what is known as Oklahoma was passed.... The following were among the Senate bills taken from the calendar and passed: Appropriating $500,000 for an additional fireproof building for the National Museum; to amend Section 1754 of the Revised Statutes—concerning the preference of honorably discharged soldiers in appointment to civil office; for the appointment of an assistant general superintendent and a chief clerk of the Railway Mail Service (with salaries of $3000 and $2000 respectively—House bill); extending to the whole of the District of Columbia the laws in force in Washington against selling liquor on Sunday.... After a short executive session, private bills on the calendar were taken up, and 113 bills were passed in just one hour. Among them was one giving a pension of $50 a month to Mrs. Caroline B. Stevens, daughter of Senator Baker, of Oregon, who was killed at the battle of Ball's Bluff; and one giving a pension of $100 a month to the widow of General John F. Hartranft.

77TH DAY—Messrs. Spooner and Vest discussed the Montana election case.... Mr. Evarts announced his intention to speak on the Chinese Enumeration bill.... The bill to promote Rear-Admiral Jouett to the rank of Vice-Admiral, reviving that rank for the purpose, was reported adversely.... The House amendment to the joint resolution for the removal of the naval magazine from Ellis Island, N. Y., was concurred in.... Mr. Pettigrew introduced a bill authorizing the President to enlarge the Missouri River Commission by the appointment of three additional members—one from Montana and one each from North and South Dakota.

78TH DAY.—The Anti-Trust bill was passed by a vote of 52 to 1.... Mr. Spooner concluded his speech on the Montana Senatorial contest, and then Mr. Pugh argued in favor of the minority report, declaring Messrs. Clark and Maginnis entitled to seats.... Mr. Hoar presented a memorial of Universalist ministers of Boston and vicinity, declaring profound regret at the defeat of the Blair Educational bill, which they considered as "the calamity of the nation".... Mr. Morrill reported back the House bill to admit, free of duty, articles intended for the St. Louis Exposition, in September and October, 1890, that may be imported from the Republic of Mexico, South America and Canada.... A bill appropriating $100,000 for a public building at Newburg, N. Y., was placed on the calendar.

79TH DAY.—The Chinese Enumeration bill was discussed for an hour or two.... Mr. Wilson, from the Committee on Interstate Commerce, reported, with amendments, the bill to amend section 3 of the Interstate Commerce Act.... The House bill appropriating $75,000 to supply the deficiency occasioned by the defalcation in the office of the late Sergeant-at-Arms of the House was passed.... The Montana election cases were debated.

In the House.

84TH DAY.—The Idaho Admission bill was passed, 129 to 1—the Democrats not voting, and the Speaker counting a quorum.... A petition from the New England Shoe and Leather Association against the imposition of a duty upon hides and skins was ordered printed in the *Record*.... The Senate bill was passed to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to gather information as to the present condition and preservation of the fur-seal interests of the Government in the region of Alaska, as compared with its condition in 1876; also full information as to the impending extinction of the sea otter industry.... A Senate concurrent resolution was agreed to, requesting the President to invite from time to time, as fit occasion may arise, negotiations with any Government with which the United States may have diplomatic relations to the end that any differences or disputes arising between the Governments, which cannot be adjusted by diplomatic agency, may be referred to arbitration.

85TH DAY.—Thirty-five private pension bills were passed, and the House then adjourned till the next day.

86TH DAY.—The Senate joint resolution providing for the establishment of an immigrant station on Ellis Island, New York Harbor, was passed.... In the morning hour the following bills were passed: Authorizing the town of Mablehead, Mass., to improve and beautify Fort Sewall; reorganizing the artillery force of the army into seven regiments of not more than twelve batteries each, with the same regimental and battery organization as now exists, except that there shall be but one First Lieutenant and one Second Lieutenant to each battery; providing that in making appointments to the army from civil life the President shall give precedence to graduates of West Point who have been honorably discharged, to meritorious members of the National Guard, and to deserving graduates of institutions of learning having army officers detailed as instructors; authorizing the construction of a hotel on the Government reservation at Fortress Monroe.... On motion of Mr. Hopkins, a bill was passed for the erection of a public building at Aurora, Ill., at a cost of $75,000.... The hour of 3 o'clock having arrived, public business was suspended, and the House proceeded to pay tribute to the memory of Newton W. Nutting, of New York.

87TH DAY.—An effort to suspend the rules and pass the Dependent Pension bill was defeated by 169 yeas to 87 nays, the necessary two-thirds not voting for the measure.... Mr. Boothman introduced a service pension bill.

88TH DAY.—Mr. McAdoo, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, called up the bill to prevent the enlistment of aliens in the naval service of the United States, and it was passed after much discussion.... The House then went into Committee of the Whole (Mr. Butterworth in the Chair) on the Naval Appropriation bill.... Mr. Chipman introduced a resolution instructing the Committee on Invalid Pensions to report forthwith a per diem Service Pension bill.... Mr. Butterworth reported the bill appropriating $5,000,000 for the erection in Washington of a building for the use of the Patent Office.... Mr. Walker introduced a bill to abolish the National Banking system.... Mr. Funston reported with amendments the Butterworth bill to define options and futures and to impose a special tax upon dealers therein.

89TH DAY.—In Committee of the Whole, the Naval Appropriation bill was considered.... The Senate amendment was non-concurred in to the House bill providing for town site entries of land in Oklahoma.... A conference was ordered on the Senate bill for the improvement and maintenance of the National Zoological Park, with House amendments (providing that the District of Columbia shall pay half the expense).... Mr. Marsh reported the bill appropriating $3,447,945 for the payment of damages sustained by citizens of Pennsylvania from Union and Confederate troops during the late war.

FALL OF A DERRICK.

Four Men Killed and Several Others Seriously Injured.

A derrick in use repairing a railroad trestle near West Point, Ky., fell and killed four men. A rope which held the derrick in place broke while a large beam was being lifted into place, and the derrick came down, carrying over its supporting beams and sweeping the men from the trestle. They were precipitated 125 feet into the gulch below. Two men named Bruz and McDonald were instantly killed, and two others, named Lilly and Corum, were fatally injured. Howard, the foreman, and several others were badly hurt.

St. JACOBS OIL
CURES PERMANENTLY
NEURALGIA.

Instant Relief, First Application.

Boonville, Mo., Dec. 28, 1885.
I suffered dreadfully with neuralgic pains in head which affected face and eyes. I could not attend work. I obtained instantaneous relief from first application of St. Jacobs Oil.
H. M. CLARK.

Suffered 4 Days Severely.

4626 Penna. Ave., Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 18, 1889.
I suffered very severe pains from neuralgia for four days, but was cured by St. Jacobs Oil.
Mrs. JOHN KLEFFLE.

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

Catarrh Can't be Cured

WITH LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you have to take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is no quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 75c.

ALL the bank note currency of the Italian Government is engraved and printed in the United States.

Fifteen contestants clad for the fray,
Armed with good steel and in battle array,
Striving for lucre, as brave Knights of old
Strove for their honors and medals of gold.
Driving each shining pen over the paper,
Seeking to sound, as the most proper caper,
The praises of remedies known the world over—
From Paris to Calais, from Calais to Dover;
But each Knight vainly strives—language fails in description
Of the manifold virtues of "Favorite Prescription."

When ill or depressed with that "dragging-down" feeling, consequent upon weakness, suffering from headache, weak or lame back, and the many ills common to the weaker sex, take Dr. Pierce's Prescription, which is guaranteed to give satisfaction or price ($1) returned. See printed guarantee on bottle-wrapper.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets—gently laxative or actively cathartic according to dose. 25 cents.

NEW YORK CITY consumes 3,300,000 eggs daily during Lent.

Six Novels Free, sent by Cragin & Co., Phila., Pa., to any one in U. S. or Canada, post paid, upon receipt of 25 Dobbins's Electrical Soap wrappers. See list of novels on circulars around each bar. This soap for sale by all grocers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., is to have a pneumatic street railway a mile